

SCENE SHIFTED

FROM FRONT OF CAPITOL TO SENATE CHAMBER.

Taft and Sherman Inducted Into Office With Formality.

EVERY FEATURE CARRIED OUT.

Except Open Air Ceremony as Prepared by the Committee.

Roosevelt Quick to Congratulate His Successor in Office.

WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT, OF OHIO, AND JAMES S. SHERMAN, OF NEW YORK, WERE INAUGURATED TODAY AS PRESIDENT AND VICE-PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES. THE INAUGURATION WAS ACCOMPLISHED WITH ALL DUE FORMALITY, BUT UNDER UNUSUAL CIRCUMSTANCES, DUE TO A TERRIFIC BLIZZARD WHICH SWEEP OVER THE NATIONAL CAPITAL PARALYZING STREET TRAFFIC, AND BRINGING DOWN TO THE THOUSANDS OF ASSEMBLED VISITORS WHO HAD GATHERED IN EXPECTATION OF THE USUAL SPECTACULAR DEMONSTRATION. NOTWITHSTANDING THE ADVERSE CIRCUMSTANCES, ALL OF THE MAIN FEATURES OF THE INAUGURATION WERE ACCOMPLISHED. THE CHANGE WAS IN MODIFYING THE ORIGINAL PROGRAMME SO THAT THE INAUGURAL ADDRESS, USUALLY DELIVERED FROM THE EAST PORCH OF THE CAPITOL, WAS PROUNCEMENT BY MR. TAFT IN THE SENATE CHAMBER.

Washington, March 4.—In the senate chamber, which seldom before has witnessed so impressive a ceremony or held a more brilliant and crowded assembly, the inauguration of the president and vice-president of the United States took place today. A blinding snow storm which swept in upon Washington late last night and continued throughout the forenoon, caused an abandonment of the outdoor ceremony at the capitol which had been planned for the inauguration of many presidents of the United States.

The change of programme was a deep disappointment to thousands of people who gathered in the street and capitol plaza to witness the taking of the oath. Mr. Taft was anxious that the original plan be adhered to but after he had arrived at the capitol he gave consent to the change because of the danger the exposure to the elements would have caused to the older members of the senate and chief justice. Mr. Taft's inauguration immediately followed that of Vice-President James S. Sherman which was carried out in accordance with the original programme. The distinguished company which gathered in the senate to witness the inauguration of the vice-president and which afterward was to have been escorted to the immense inaugural stands on the east front of the capitol simply remained in their places in the chamber to view the impending ceremonies attending the inauguration into office of the new chief executive of the nation.

President Roosevelt, arm in arm with President-elect Taft, entered the crowded senate chamber shortly after 12 o'clock. The appearance of these two chief figures in the day's event was the signal for a spontaneous outbreak of applause on the floor and of cheers in the galleries. Speaker Cannon entering the senate chamber at the head of the house representatives took a place in the president-elect's bench by the side of the vice-president.

Prior to the entry of the members of the house and the distinguished invited guests, the senate had adopted a resolution of thanks to Mr. Taft, who replied with a farewell address. He then administered to Mr. Sherman the brief oath of office prescribed by the constitution and turned over to him the presiding officer's seal. Vice-President Sherman made a brief inaugural address and then stepped the chamber to order for the final business of inaugurating the new president of the United States.

Mr. Taft's induction to office was the same simple ceremony devised in the early days. He swore to uphold and defend the constitution, to enforce all laws and to protect the republic against all enemies, both foreign and domestic. The oath was administered by Chief Justice Fuller, who was officiating at such a ceremony for the last time in his notable career as the chief presiding officer of the country's highest court. President-elect Roosevelt, who had been nearly a private citizen of the United States, when President Taft had kissed the Bible in consummation of his oath, was quick to congratulate his successor in office, being seconded by the chief justice.

Mr. Taft delivered his inaugural address in abbreviated form in the

senate chamber. The address, however, for publication stands in full. When Mr. Taft had concluded, he was escorted to the waiting carriage outside the senate wing and there was joined by Mrs. Taft and by Vice-President and Mrs. Sherman for the return to the White House.

Ex-President Roosevelt walked out of the capitol amid cheering throngs and escorted by a thousand members of the New York republican committee was driven to the Union station several blocks away and boarded a train for New York and Oyster Bay.

INAUGURAL BULLETINS.
Washington, March 4.—Taft was sworn in at 12:55.

Washington, March 4.—President Taft concluded his inaugural address at 1:32 p. m.

Washington, March 4.—When President Taft concluded his speech Mr. Roosevelt mounted the rostrum and greeted him cordially. He left the chamber at 1:35 amid great applause, and two minutes later President Taft departed with the crowd still cheering.

Washington, March 4.—The inaugural parade started from the capitol at 1:45 p. m.

Washington, March 4.—At 2:47 p. m., President Taft and Vice President Sherman left the White House and took their place in the reviewing stand. They were received with a mighty cheer. The reviewing of the parade began at once.

PHONOGRAPH
For Roosevelt That Will Catch Wild Sounds and Dialects.
Bridgeport, Conn., March 4.—There will be delivered to President Roosevelt this week at Oyster Bay, a specially constructed phonograph of aluminum by means of which he hopes to record wild sounds on animals and the dialects of natives in the wilds of Africa. The machine, which was made by a local manufacturing firm is so light that it can be carried with little inconvenience by the hunting party.

BROWNING'S MOTHER DEAD.
Port Huron, Mich., March 4.—Mrs. Joseph Browning, the aged mother of Gideon Browning, the victim of the famous Rattle Run Methodist church murder, was killed. Mrs. Browning, 82 years old, died at her home in the village of Adair, yesterday.

THOUGHT THEM EFFECTIVE.
Washington, March 4.—President Roosevelt declared today in a memorandum accompanying the sundry civil bill that he would have vetoed it because of the repetition of the secret service provision of last year and the provision relating to commissions appointed by the executive if he had thought these provisions would be wholly effective.

STEPHENSON IS RE-ELECTED.
Madison, Wis., March 4.—United States Senator Stephenson was today re-elected to the United States senate by the joint session of the Wisconsin legislature on the 23rd ballot. He received 63 out of the 123 votes cast.

DAYTON MAY GET THE BRYAN MULE.
Dayton, O., March 4.—Congressman James M. Cox is in receipt of a letter from William J. Bryan asking for the certified presidential vote of Montgomery county in order to establish its right to the Bryan mule which was to be given to the county in any state making the largest democratic gain.

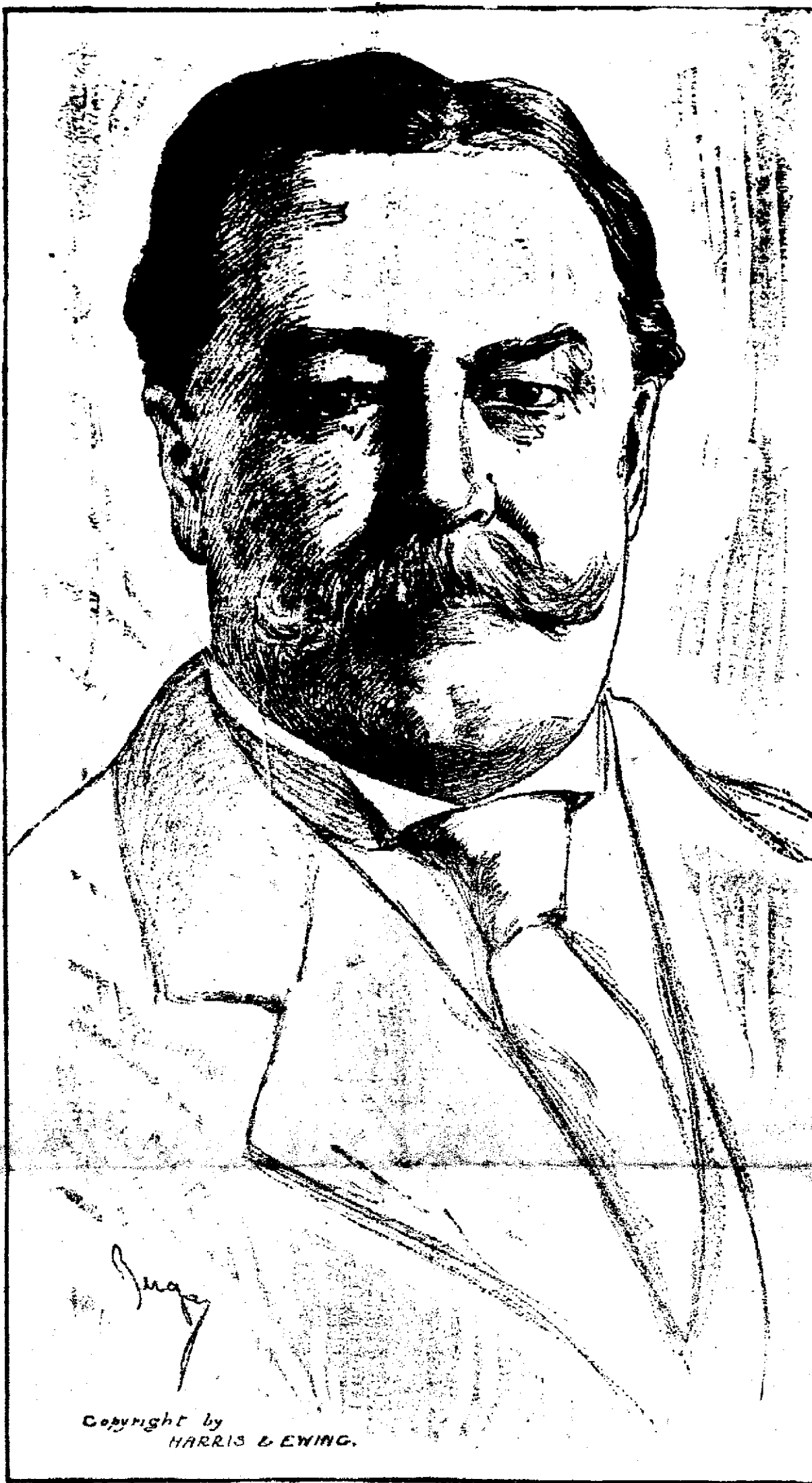
JEWELS LOCATED.
Greensboro, N. C., March 4.—A box containing 28 pieces of valuable jewelry, which was stolen from the offices of the Southern Express Company at Southern Pines on February 9 and which had been washed under a fence, had been recovered from the possession of a diminutive pickpocket here. Inquiry following the detection of a house girl in the home of Mrs. T. H. Mayo wearing a valuable diamond ring led to the investigation which resulted in the recovery of the gems. The value of the jewels is placed at several thousand dollars.

SHIP BUILDERS OUT ON STRIKE.
Chicago, March 4.—Five hundred iron ship builders and boiler makers employed by the Chicago Ship Building company, South Chicago, are out on strike against a ten per cent cut in wages. The strikers are members of the Boiler Makers and Iron Ship Builders union. The average wages paid the men is \$2.50 and \$3 a day for nine hours. The ship yard is tied up by the strike.

OF INTEREST TO DAIRY MEN.
Columbus, March 4.—The supreme court, from the bench today, allowed the motion of Frederick H. Starn, a private citizen of the United States, when President Taft had kissed the Bible in consummation of his oath, was quick to congratulate his successor in office, being seconded by the chief justice.

Mr. Taft delivered his inaugural address in abbreviated form in the

OUR NEW PRESIDENT



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WILLIAM HOWARD TAFT.

CINCINNATI

Honors Her Distinguished Son Who Is Now President.

Cincinnati, March 4.—To give honor to Cincinnati's most distinguished citizen and the 27th president of the United States, William Howard Taft, all business was suspended and the bells of the churches and fire department were rung and the whistles of all factories were blown for several minutes, beginning at 11 o'clock this morning.

This was done in compliance with a proclamation issued by the city's executive, but the earnestness of the demonstrations was prompted by the respect and admiration which Cincinnatians in general have for their fellow citizen who has been honored with the highest office within the gift of the American people.

Each crowd of citizens followed their own desire in the form of their celebration but the form of salutation was "Long live the president."

Chicago, March 4.—Walter Harry Doherty, aged 22, has won the gold medal at the convention of the National Milliners' association for the best design for a woman's hat. He is a civil engineer by profession, the son of a South Bend millionaire, and a college graduate.

"You see its this way," he explained, "father wanted me to become a civil engineer. However I was always artistically inclined, and in college I took up art and color harmony as a side issue.

"When I graduated, father wanted me to open an office at once and follow the profession of engineering, but that did not look good to me. I had always been a close observer of millinery, and decided to try something in this line myself. You know the manufacture of a woman's hat nowadays is something of a feat of engineering in itself, and with the knowledge I gained at the University I thought I was pretty well fitted to make a start."

ENGINEERING FEAT

In New Fields by Young Man Who Went Contrary to His Father.

WON GOLD MEDAL FOR BEST DESIGN

Of Woman's Hat Submitted to National Milliners' Association.

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INTERNATIONAL

Soul Saving Bureau is Latest Thing to Come out of Chicago.

Chicago, March 4.—Rev. S. B. DeLoar, who several weeks ago championed the practice of firing in churches, as being harmless has organized, "The International Soul Saving Bureau." Headquarters are to be established at Chicago and branches will be established in leading cities of the world. "The plan," says the doctor, "is to reach the despondent and wandering in every country. We can trace them through the men in charge of the branches.

"Advertisements will be placed in daily papers and periodicals of every kind. Mothers whose sons are missing will write. Sons who seek long lost parents will communicate with us. We will flood the country with picture postal cards of home and mother and of the boy. I have tried this plan on a small scale. It will succeed on a large one."

Memphis, Tenn., March 4.—An operation believed to be unique in surgical annals was performed here when a woman patient in the Presbyterian hospital was found to possess two dangerous little pouches instead of one appendix. Although both were diseased physicians in charge removed both. The patient is forty years old.

GOOD WILL SENT HIM FROM LONDON.

London, March 4.—The Association of the Chambers of Commerce of the United Kingdom, at the conclusion today of its annual conference, agreed to draw up a resolution commending William H. Taft on his assumption of the presidency of the United States and expressing the good will of the association towards America.

WASHINGTON

Cut Off from Outside World Early Today by Heavy Storm.

New York, March 4.—The city of Washington was isolated from communication with the rest of the country after about 4 o'clock this morning by a heavy snow storm which brought down a great many telephone and telegraph wires and rendered wires unworkable. At 8 a. m. this morning the telegraph and telephone companies reported that they were unable to communicate with Washington from any direction although from midnight last night until about 4 a. m. it was possible to reach Washington by way of the south. At 3:30 o'clock this morning when the last news report came out of Washington it was still snowing hard there and the streets were covered with snow and slush.

Louisville, Ky., March 4.—Officials of the Chesapeake and Ohio railway in communication with their office in Richmond, shortly before nine o'clock this morning were advised that there was no communication between Richmond and Washington; that the storm was very severe and that they were unable to find several trains. Every effort is being made to get into Washington from Richmond, but prospects are very poor.

BREECHES BUOY SAVED THE CREW.

New York, March 4.—By use of the breeches buoy, the life savers of the Moriches, Long Island, life saving station today rescued the crew and captain from the Schooner Miles M. Merry which stranded on the beach several weeks ago.

THE DOG EXPIRED; THE GIRLS LIVED.

New York, March 4.—Fumes of an insect exterminator, the basis of which was said by the users to be formaldehyde, but which the police say was prussic acid, almost caused the death of two young women in Harlem last night and killed a family dog. The disinfectant was being used in an apartment below one occupied by the family of W. D. Higgins in west 146th street. Ruth Higgins, who is an invalid, suddenly fainted without apparent cause and a moment later her sister Regina became ill and called in a neighbor. In the meantime the dog expired. Police investigation revealed that an extermination of vermin was going on in the flat below and that the fumes were going through the ceiling.

ORGANIZED LABOR

To Sell Stamps to Raise Fund for Defense of Gompers.

New York, March 4.—The sale of stamps similar to the plan of the Red Cross will be adopted by organized labor in this country to realize a fund for the defense of Samuel Gompers and his associates who were convicted of contempt of court. In the center of each stamp there will be a facsimile of the seal of the American Federation of Labor and below the words, "Free Press and Free Speech." The stamps are now being prepared and will be distributed soon. The price at which they will be sold has not been fixed.

FORGOTTEN ART OF NEIGHBORING.

Chicago, March 4.—The woman of today in the hurry and turmoil of city life has forgotten the art of being neighborly the art that distinguished her kindly, bustling grandmother. But it is not her own fault. It is the fault of the city congestion, of science, of doctors and of hospitals. She still has the neighborly disposition, but has not the opportunity to show it. Those at least, are the contentions of Mrs. George D. Broomfield and Mrs. James L. Rowe, in communications to the Chicago Women's club. Mrs. Broomfield is a member of a family of the hospitable New England hills. No more, they declare, do we find the exchange of mince pie, of grapes and of stand-home home cures which characterized the lives of women of earlier days.

CLOSING HOURS OF THE CONGRESS.

Washington, March 4.—When congress met today as a continuation of the session of yesterday, practically the only legislative question before it was the pension appropriation conference report. At the close of the session last night no agreement had been reached by the conferees over the proposition of the house to concentrate all of the pension agencies under one head in Washington. As in former years the senate was opposed to the consolidation and held out stubbornly against it.

The last few hours of the session were begun with the possibilities of one of the bills failing at passage. The senate met today at 9:30 o'clock and the house at 10:30 o'clock.

HIS SALARY IS TO BE \$75,000.

Washington, March 4.—The salary of President Taft will be \$75,000 a year, according to an agreement reached yesterday by the conferees on the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill. In the sundry civil bill there is an amendment giving the president \$25,000 for traveling expenses and if this is agreed to the annual compensation of the president will be \$100,000.

BLIZZARD CUT

A WIDE SWATH ALL DAY BUT THINGS WENT ON.

Roosevelt and Taft Rode to Capitol in Blinding Storm.

WEATHER MAN FOOLED THEM

But Despite Fury of Elements Everybody Was In Happy Mood

Except Those Who Had Seats to Sell for the Parade.

Washington, March 4.—Washington was swept by a blizzard early today and although President-elect William H. Taft insisted up to almost the last moment that his inauguration should be held in front of the capitol building the committee on arrangements finally decided that the ceremonies should be held in the senate chamber. Mr. Taft said he did not mind the snow and wind in the least but Senator Knox in charge of the program declared it would be unwise to subject the aged chief justice and the other members of the senate to the adverse weather conditions.

President Roosevelt and Mr. Taft was escorted to the capitol promptly at the hour set this morning, their progress in the blinding snow being met with cheers from spectators who braved the elements and stood ankle deep in slush along Pennsylvania avenue. The presidential party entered the capitol at 11 o'clock and were escorted to the president's room in the senate wing. Up to the time of leaving the White House Mr. Taft had his heart set upon taking the oath in front of the multitude gathered on the capitol plaza. After reaching the senate, however, the counsels of the older members of the senate prevailed and it was decided that the ceremonies for the first time in a score or more years should be held indoors.

A wet clinging snow driven in from the northwest wind, fell throughout the night and wrought havoc with telephone and telegraph wires, completely cutting off the capitol city from communication with the remainder of the country for many hours. Snow and slush filled the streets to the depth of a foot or more in places. The wind destroyed many of the city's prettiest decorations. The immense reviewing stands along the line of march were made well high uninhabitable by the swirling snow. Street car and railroad traffic were impeded to the extent of seriously delaying the arrival of thousands who had planned to attend the inaugural ceremonies.

President-elect and Mrs. Taft spent last night at the White House as the guests of President and Mrs. Roosevelt. "I always knew it would be a cold day when I was made president of the United States," was the laughing remark of Mr. Taft this morning, as he looked out of the White House windows on one of the prettiest winter pictures ever seen. The snow, clinging to the trees and shrubbery, had transformed the White House grounds into a veritable fairyland of dazzling white and fantastic forms. It was 9 o'clock and Mr. Taft had just finished his breakfast. He had spent the earlier hours of the morning going over his inaugural address, reading paragraph after paragraph. The address for publication he allowed to stand in full but he intended to strike out a part of it in his speech today.

President Roosevelt who has always stormy weather for his riding and walking expeditions, greeted his successor with rare good humor as they met at breakfast and there was much bantering between the two friends, who played during the day such important roles.

At the break of day this morning, the weather bureau's prophecy of "Fair and somewhat cooler" was found to be but an empty dream. The parade planned for the afternoon will undoubtedly be so curtailed as to spoil what promised to be one of the most splendid spectacles of marching man ever seen on Pennsylvania avenue.

Washington is filled with a recent breaking through whose disappointment today know no bounds. Owners of reviewing stands privilege and ticket speculators will lose thousands of dollars.

Today's storm—the worst Washington has known in ten years, followed yesterday was suggestive of last late April. Fog was followed by heavy showers and rising temperatures. Thunder and lightning played about the city in the afternoon and then with the coming of night snow began to fall. The weather bureau had sent out a definite promise of fair weather for today, however, and as the wind had shifted from the east to the north and west, Washingtonians were inclined to smile at the snow as calculated simply to send cold shivers down the backs of the government's optimistic prophet. At midnight, in spite of the continuous fall of snow and the white covering of streets, the weather bureau at

Continued on page 2.

BIRDS-EYE VIEW OF WASHINGTON, SHOWING INAUGURAL PARADE, LATEST PHOTO OF PRESIDENT-ELECT TAFT AND PHOTO OF ROOSEVELT DELIVERING INAUGURAL ADDRESS IN 1905.

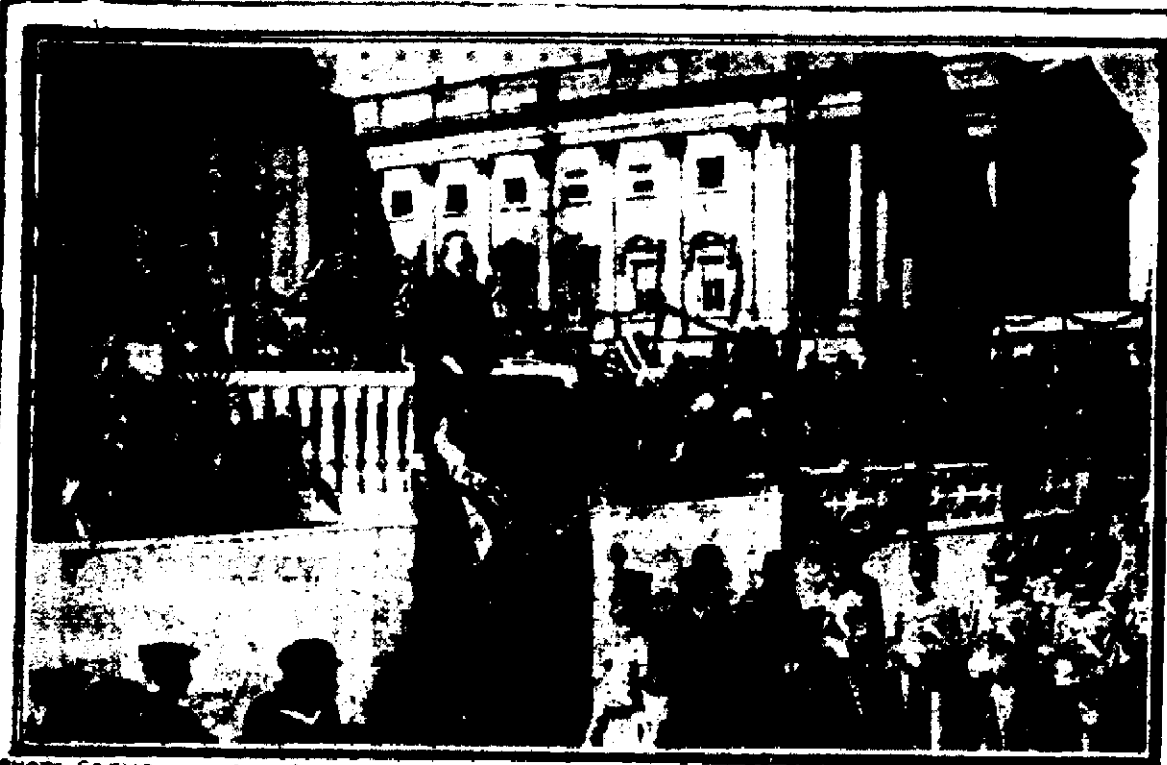
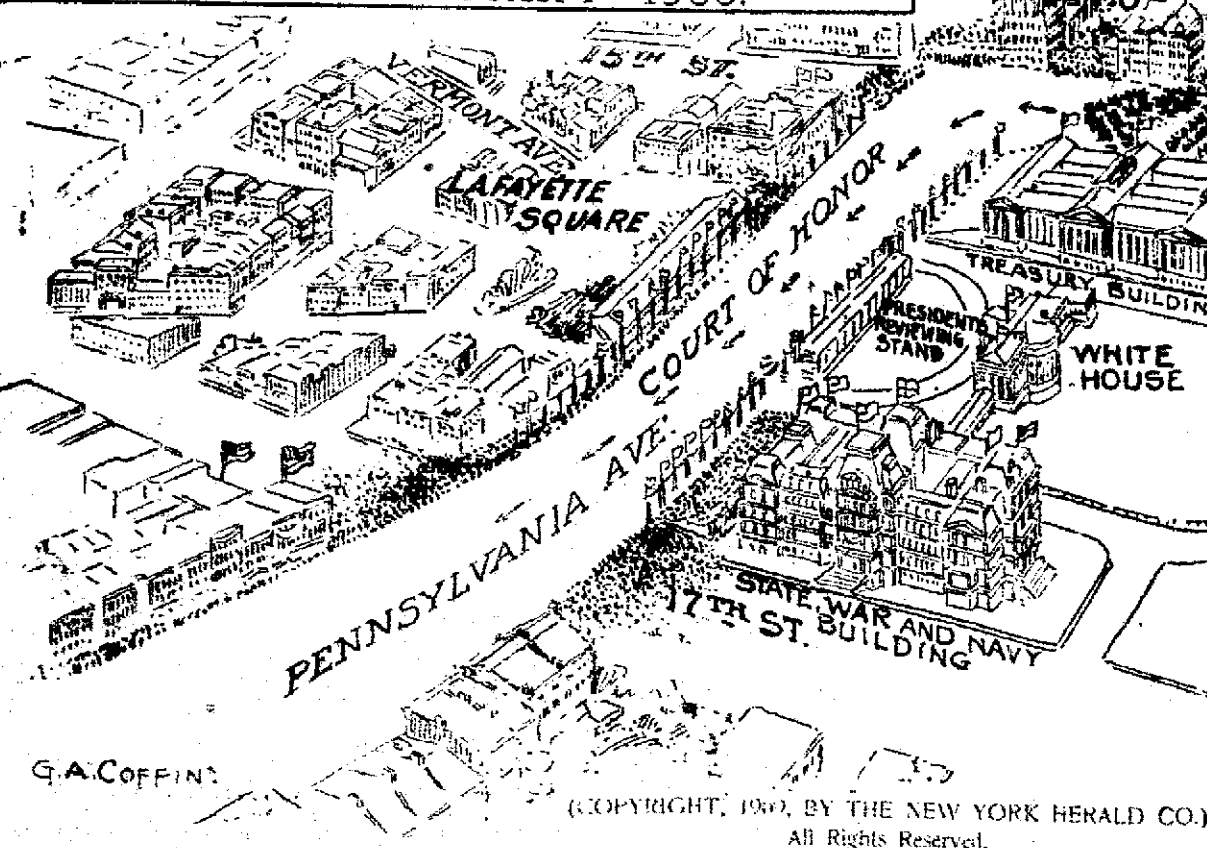


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PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT DELIVERING HIS INAUGURAL ADDRESS MARCH 4TH 1905.



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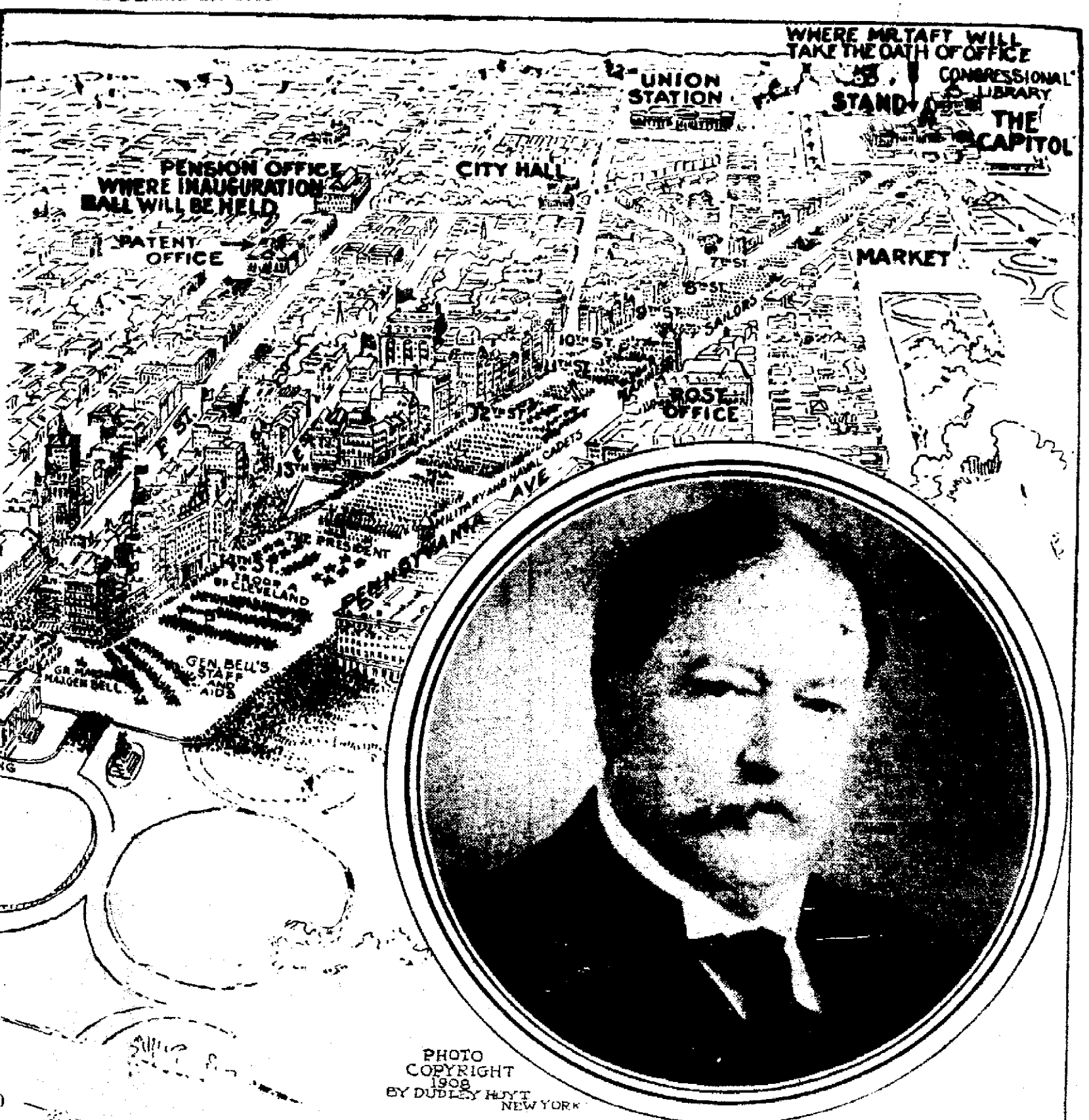


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PRESIDENT-ELECT WM. H. TAFT

CHARACTER SKETCHES OF THE NEW CABINET.

Philander C. Knox.

Philander Chase Knox, who will be Mr. Taft's Secretary of State, re-enters the cabinet after five years in the United States senate, to which he was appointed in June, 1904, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Matthew M. Quay. Like most of his colleagues in the new cabinet Mr. Knox is a lawyer and first came into national prominence as attorney-general in Mr. McKinley's first cabinet when he successfully prosecuted the Northern Securities case. Mr. Knox is fifty-six years old, having been born in Brownsville, Pa., May 6, 1852. After graduating from Mount Union College at Alliance, O., he began the study of law in Pittsburgh and three years later was admitted to the bar in that city. When Mr. Knox was only twenty-four years of age he was appointed Assistant United States District Attorney for the western district of Pennsylvania. After a short term in this office, however, he resigned and entered private practice with James H. Reed, under the firm name of Knox and Reed. The firm became counsel for many large interests and it is said that Mr. Knox has received some of the largest fees ever paid in this country. During the Homestead riots in 1892 he was counsel for the Carnegie Steel Co. and directed the legal end of that famous labor disturbance. When in 1901 Mr. McKinley appointed him attorney-general Mr. Knox's participation in the Homestead affair caused some opposition to his confirmation. As attorney-general, Mr. Knox not only prosecuted a successful issue the government's suit against the Northern Securities Company, but conducted the case against the so-called Beef Trust with the result that that combination was dissolved by the final decree of the United States supreme court. Mr. Knox has been credited also with having prepared and carried through the Panama canal purchase in 1903. It was shortly after the conclusion of the Panama purchase that Mr. Knox was appointed to the United States senate by Gov. Pennypacker to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Quay, and afterward he was elected by the legislature for the full term expiring in March, 1911.

It was at Mount Union College that Major McKinley first became acquainted with young Knox. Mr. McKinley was at that time prosecuting attorney of Stark County, and the acquaintance began when they were both young finally ripened into the friendship of later years, and culminated in the Pennsylvania's entry into the second McKinley cabinet. It has always been understood that President McKinley sought to induce Mr. Knox to accept the attorney-generalship in his first cabinet, but the offer was declined on the plea of private interests. Mr. Knox is entitled to twice the degree of LL. D. after his name, both the University of Pennsylvania and Yale University having conferred that honor upon him.

Richard A. Ballinger.

Four states may claim a proprietary interest in Richard A. Ballinger, the new Secretary of the Interior. He is a native of Iowa, having been born in Keosauqua in 1859; after practicing law in Illinois for a while

he removed to Alabama, and in 1889 he became a resident of Port Townsend in Washington state. The next year he was appointed United States Commissioner at Port Townsend and later was elected judge of the supreme court of Jefferson county. Five years ago Mr. Ballinger was elected Mayor of Seattle, and when his term as mayor expired President Roosevelt appointed him commissioner of the general land office.

As a practitioner at the bar Mr. Ballinger made a specialty of the admiralty and maritime law, and his position as commissioner of the general land office gave him a wide knowledge of the land laws and other important problems which will fall under his jurisdiction as secretary of the interior.

Jacob M. Dickinson.

Jacob McGavock Dickinson, the new Secretary of War, is the southern member of President Taft's cabinet. A Mississippian by birth, he is a citizen of Tennessee and as a Cleveland Democrat supported Mr. Taft for the presidency. Probably his most notable public service was as counsel for the United States in the Alaskan boundary case before the arbitration tribunal in London in 1903. He was an Assistant Attorney-General of the United States during Cleveland's administration, and has been general counsel for the Illinois Central Railroad Company for some years, spending most of his time in Chicago, where the general offices of the company are located. Mr. Dickinson is fifty-eight years old, having been born in Columbus, Mississippi in 1851. He is a graduate of the University of Nashville, from which school he has a degree as Master of Arts, and he studied law at Columbia University, at the University of Leipzig, and in Paris. He is President of the American Bar Association, and belongs to the Chicago Club, the Outcasts and the Trocadero Clubs, all of Chicago. Mr. Dickinson is the owner of the famous Belle Meade stock farm in Nashville.

George Von Lengerke Meyer, who goes from the Postmaster-General's office to the Navy Department, was brought into the cabinet in February, 1907, to succeed Postmaster-General Corbly. He was at that time Ambassador to St. Petersburg, to which post he had been transferred from Rome, where he had served five years as ambassador. Mr. Meyer is a native of Boston, in which city he was born in 1858. After graduating from Harvard he entered the employ of a commission firm, and some years later became a partner of the firm of Linder & Meyer, East India merchants, which had been established by his father. He

is an officer or director in many large manufacturing and financial concerns, and has always been active in politics, having been a member of the Boston common council, an alderman, a member of the state legislature, serving as speaker of the lower house for three consecutive years. Mr. Meyer was elected a member of the republican national committee in 1899, and on McKinley's election he was made ambassador to Italy. He is a member of the Athletic, the Somerset and St. Botolph Clubs, of Boston, and among other business offices is president of the Ames Plow Co. and a director of the Old Colony Trust Co. and the Ames Plow Manufacturing Co. Mr. Meyer is a sportsman and an angler, and is known as a crack shot.

George W. Wickersham.

New York's representative in the new cabinet is George W. Wickersham, who becomes attorney general. Mr. Wickersham is a member of the law firm in which President Taft's brother, Henry W. Taft, is a partner, and he is known as an expert in railroad law. Although a resident of New York City, Mr. Wickersham is a native of Pennsylvania, having been born in Pittsburgh in 1858. He first took civil engineering at Lehigh University, but later entered the law school of the University of Pennsylvania, from which he holds the degree of Bachelor of Laws. He immediately entered practice in Philadelphia, but later went to New York and associated himself with the firm of Chamberlain, Carter and Hornblower. A year later he became managing clerk of the firm of Strong and Cadwalader, of which President Taft's brother is a member, and eventually was taken into partnership.

Mr. Wickersham is counsel for a large number of corporations, among them the Interborough Railroad, and as attorney for the railroads in the famous Chicago Traction case came into considerable public prominence. He is fond of travel, usually spending a portion of the year abroad and is a devoted equestrian. He has a country residence at Cedarhurst, Long Island, and also a home in New York City.

Charles Nagel.

Charles Nagel, of St. Louis, the new Secretary of Commerce and Labor, is better known among lawyers and educators than to the public at large, although he served as a member of the Missouri House of Representatives and is a member of the republican national committee. He is a native westerner, having been born in Colorado County, Texas, in 1870. He comes of professional ancestors, his father, Dr. Herman Nagel, being one of a family of four brothers of whom three are physicians and his maternal grandfather, an ardent grandfather, was a clergyman. In the height of the Civil War the pronounced union sentiments of the Nagel compelled him to remove from Texas to St. Louis. Here Charles Nagel soon entered the St. Louis high school. Graduating from there he took a two years' course in the St. Louis Law School and then went to the University of Berlin, where he took a special course in law and political economy. Returning to St. Louis in 1893, he was admitted to the bar and soon took an active part in municipal affairs. In addition to

being a member of the lower house of state legislature, he was for four years president of the city council of St. Louis. Although he has taken an active part in politics and has an extended law practice, he has found time to give much attention to educational matters. He fills a professorship in the St. Louis Law School; is a member of the Board of Trustees of the Public Library, of the Board of Trustees of Washington University and a member of the Board of Control of the St. Louis Museum of Fine Arts. Mr. Nagel, as the Missouri member of the republican national committee, served during the recent campaign as a member of the executive committee and was in charge of the western headquarters. Socially he has been active in his native city, being a member of the University Club, the Commercial Club, the St. Louis Club, the Round Table and Country Clubs, and also of the Metropolitan Club in Washington City.

Frank H. Hitchcock.

Although the youngest member of the new cabinet, Frank H. Hitchcock, Mr. Taft's Postmaster-General, is probably better known to the general public than any of his colleagues by reason of the prominence he occupied as chairman of the republican national committee in the recent campaign. Mr. Hitchcock is only 12 years of age and since he left school has been in the employ of the government. He is a native of Ohio, but received his education in Massachusetts, to which state his parents removed while he was quite young. Graduating from Harvard in 1891, he obtained a clerkship in the department of agriculture. Later Secretary Wilson made him chief of the Division of Foreign Markets, and when the Department of Commerce and Labor was organized he was made its first chief clerk. In Mr. Roosevelt's first campaign he was assistant secretary to the republican national committee, and was later appointed first assistant postmaster-general. He resigned that position when the Taft campaign was opened to take charge of Mr. Taft's interests. Subsequently he was elected chairman of the republican national committee, which post he still holds. During his first years as a government clerk in Washington, Mr. Hitchcock found time to take a law course at Columbian University, and on graduation was admitted to the bar in the District of Columbia and three years later was admitted to practice before the Supreme Court of the United States. Among other associations he is a member of the American Economic Association, the American Statistical Association and the American Association for the Advancement of Science. Mr. Hitchcock is a bachelor.

James Wilson.

If Secretary Wilson continues to hold the agricultural portfolio until next November, he will have broken the record for continuous cabinet service, which is now held by Albert Gallatin, once Secretary of the Treasury, who served twelve years, eight months and twenty-five days. Secretary Wilson was appointed at the outset of the McKinley administration. He was born in Ayshire, Scotland, in 1835, and at the age of seventeen was brought to this country by his parents. He was educated

in the public schools of Iowa and at Iowa College. He engaged in farming and, entering state politics, was a member of the 12th, 13th, and 14th assemblies of Iowa, being elected speaker of the assembly in his last term. He served three terms in congress. In the 48th congress his seat was contested and the opponents of General Grant, who was then hearing his end at Mount McGregor, used the seating contest for a filibuster to defeat the Grant retirement bill. Mr. Wilson saved the measure by resigning on the stipulation that the Grant bill should be immediately passed.

Franklin MacVeagh.

Franklin MacVeagh, merchant, who will be the next Secretary of the Treasury, was born on a farm near Phenixville, Chester County, Pennsylvania. He was graduated from Yale as B. A. in 1862, and from Columbia Law School, New York, in 1864, and began practice with his brother, Wayne MacVeagh, but, his health failing, he abandoned law and went west. Shortly after he established in Chicago the wholesale grocery house of Franklin MacVeagh and Company, which for many years has been one of the largest in the country, and from which it is reported he has only recently resigned. He is also a director of the Commercial National Bank and other Chicago corporations.

Mr. MacVeagh is distinguished in Chicago not only as a most successful merchant, but especially for his active work in behalf of civic progress and reform. He became president of the Citizens' Association of Chicago in 1874, and continued to hold the office several years afterward, making it the instrument for many important political reforms. At the head of the Bureau of Charities he added greatly to the effectiveness of that organization, and as chairman of the Municipal Art League and otherwise he has been a faithful worker for the beautifying of Chicago, by extension of the boulevard system and in many other ways. He has also taken an active part in the work of the National Civic Federation. Mr. MacVeagh was until recently affiliated with the democratic party and in 1895 he was nominated in convention by the State of Illinois for the United States senate. He made a canvass of the state, but was defeated in legislature. He married Miss Emily Eames.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Are you looking for a snuff? On April 1st, at 2:00 p. m., I will offer for sale, to the highest bidder, the plant known as the Superior Brick and Tile Co., a complete plant with 15 acres of rich clay land. Twenty million brick will be used in Lima alone in the next two years. Reason for selling, stockholders cannot agree. Wm. F. Numan, 311 Masonic Building, Lima, Ohio.

much 2-6-13-20-27

The Protracted meeting which was to begin last Sunday at Olive M. E. church, South Warsaw, O., was postponed till next Sunday night, March 7th. Everybody welcome. Jos. R. Armstrong, pastor.

FAIRBANKS ON EVE OF HIS DEPARTURE.

Hon. Charles W. Fairbanks, on retiring from the position of vice-president today made the following speech to the members of the upper body of the senate who have served with and under him:

Senators: Again a new administration succeeds to the control of national affairs in conformity with the will of the people, expressed in their sovereign capacity, under the orderly processes of the law. We witness the impressive transference of national power in accordance with their will deliberately recorded, with increased respect for our institutions. We indulge the fervent hope that the administration which assumes authority under such agreeable auspices will meet in full measure our national needs, that we may continue in happy accord with the powers of the world, that peace, contentment, and progress may prevail throughout our borders, and that our country may grow in material strength, and more than that, and better than that, that education, morality, justice, and patriotism, which are our chief sources of pride, may continue to increase among our people.

It now becomes my duty to take final leave of you, and in doing so I beg to return to you my profoundest thanks for the resolution which you have just adopted, personal to myself. To receive a vote of your approval without division is an honor which I shall carry with me to the end of my days and transmit to my children as a priceless legacy.

In these latter days much severe criticism is heard of the senate of the United States, but it has always been so since the time of our fathers, and that it will continue I have no doubt. The record of the senate, which its present membership has contributed, is made and is beyond recall. I know of none better made by any legislative assembly anywhere. In my judgment it will stand comparison with the record of the senate in its earlier days. It has been written by men learned in the science of government, inspired by as patriotic purposes, as animated by their illustrious predecessors.

The senate of the United States must remain an important part of a thoroughly independent, co-ordinate branch of the government, neither arrogating to itself functions not devolved upon it under the constitution, nor, upon the other hand, subtracting from its legitimate powers, its legislative duties are vast, while its duties with respect to treaties and appointments to the public service are of very great moment. A service of the senate was not contemplated by its founders. The senate is today as jealous and its powers as dignified as ever, and its position is as high as ever of the popular respect and confidence.

It requires no gift of prophecy to tell that many varied and complex questions will come here for solution in the not very distant future—questions which will have a potential bearing upon the very structure of republican government, and an important influence upon our social and industrial systems. To you who shall remain, and to your successors, the country will look, and I believe it will look with confidence, for a solution which will be in harmony with the genius of American institutions and which will comport with our best national interest.

The senate, it is sometimes said, is not always responsive to the popular will. Such assumption is a dangerous judging by the record of legislation accomplished. The will of the people finds utterance in the public law in due course; not that will which is the unreasonable passionate expression of the moment, but that will which is the fruit of deliberate, intelligent reflection.

The senate of the United States was designed by our fathers to be a deliberative chamber in the fullest and best sense—a chamber where the passions of the hour might be arrested and where the better judgment of the people would find adequate expression. Those who in unreflecting moments would sweep away would overturn one of the strongest safeguards of our political fabric.

I can not sever the personal ties which have been formed here while I am yet a senator. I am a grateful debtor for countless courtesies and kindnesses, and to your generous assistance and thoughtful forbearance I am indebted for whatever success may have attended my efforts as president of the senate.

It gives me pleasure to acknowledge the very great assistance which the chair has always received from the officers of the senate and from these efficient, faithful gentlemen at the desk.

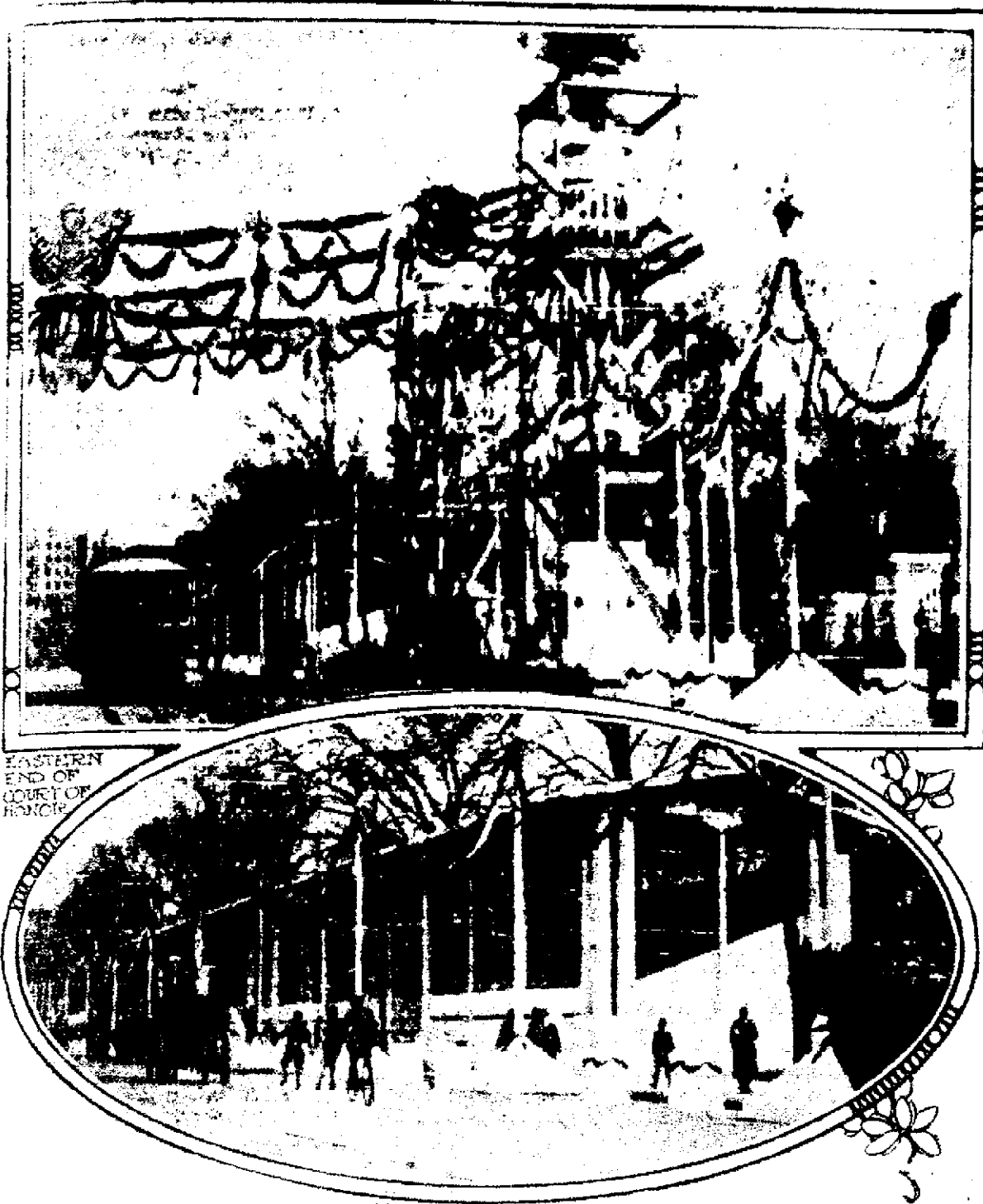
For the able and distinguished officer who has been chosen by the people to succeed me I bespeak that considerate and effective support which you have given to me.

I wish for you each many years of strength and devotion to the interests of our common country where welfare and whose honor you have sought to safeguard and advance with ceaseless vigilance and unvarying fidelity.

Under the operation of law we have reached the close of the sixth congress, and it becomes the duty of the chair to declare the senate adjourned without day.

Manzan Pile Remedy is put up in a tube with nozzle attached. May be applied directly to the affected parts. Guaranteed. Price 50c. Sold at

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WASHINGTON IN GALA ATTIRE FOR TAFT INAUGURATION.

BIG SPECTACLE

WAS MILITARY AND
CIVIC PARADE
AS IT

Made Its Way Through on
Pennsylvania Avenue
Past Stand.

WEST POINTERS
AND ANNAPOLIS

Future Generals and Ad-
mirals Brought Out
Great Applause.

Eighteen Governors Also
Appeared With Their
Full Staffs.

Washington, March 4.—More than thirty thousand marching men participated today in the great military and civic parade, which constituted the principal spectacular feature of the presidential inauguration ceremony. Approximately twenty-five thousand of these were soldiers, sailors and Marines of the military establishments of the United States, bodies of the National Guard of many states, with large contingents of spruce cadets and midshipmen from the Naval Military and Naval Academies. The remaining eight thousand were citizens from all parts of the United States banded together in commercial and political organizations, many of these distinctively uniformed campaign clubs.

Amazingly, the inaugural parade today was not so large as that which preceded along historic Pennsylvania avenue from the capitol to the White House when Grover Cleveland, the first democratic president of the United States since the Civil War, was inducted into the office the first time. The parade today, however, had a distinctive and impressive quality which no similar pageant ever possessed. This year, each state represented sent the cream of its citizen soldiery and the finest of its civic organizations to do honor to William Howard Taft and James Schenck, the new president and the president of the United States.

Along Pennsylvania avenue, from the capitol to the White House, were business stands for spectators and every seat was occupied. Every carriage point in window and on foot was taken when the head of the magnificent column of thirty-thousand men swung around the curve of the Peace Monument and reached over for its more than six-hundred march to, through and around the brilliant Court of Honor. The avenue was a great line of gleaming white and vivid green, the official colors of this, the most picturesque of inaugural ceremonies.

Almost every person among the scores of thousands that jammed the sidewalks and thronged the buildings along the route of the parade carried a miniature Star Spangled Banner, attached to a golden staff. These

were waved with right good will and no better evidence of the patriotism of the American people and the popularity of the new president and vice president could have been afforded than the reception which greeted the organization as the procession swept between the throngs which lined the great avenue on both sides.

After Major-General L. Franklin Bell, the grand marshal of the parade, accompanied by his brilliantly uniformed staff, had passed and been accorded a vociferous greeting, the crowds settled down, with fine discrimination, to applaud those organizations which appeared most distinctly to them.

In previous inaugural parades, the midshipmen from the naval academy at Annapolis and the cadets from the military academy at West Point have won the greatest popular approval. Today they were no less favorites than formerly among both residents and visitors, but in heartiest interest they were eclipsed by the debutant of 2,500 soldiers from the great host of American militiamen now arrayed in the waters of Hampton Roads, just returned from their world-encircling, epoch-making cruise of fourteen months. Tanned these men were by tropical suns, lithe, active and hardy, with the discipline and as they marched in the ranks, they were the most beautiful sight seen since the parade.

These "men behind the guns" furnished merely one of the interesting features of the parade. Eighteen governors of as many states, who had journeyed to Washington to do honor to the nation's chief executive, appeared in the parade, surrounded by hand-picked, caparisoned staffs. Slick-haired, frock-coated and dignified, these men, chosen beyond their fellow citizens, were accorded everywhere a cordial reception by the cheering crowds.

There was tremendous applause for all organizations, civil and military, in the line. Among them several regiments of khaki-clad soldiers of the United States Army, only recently returned from Cuba, and other regiments that have won honor in wars and in plains fighting with Indians, attracted notable attention. Among the state troops were detachments of the National Guards of Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Maine, Massachusetts, Missouri, Maryland, Minnesota, New York, New Jersey, Ohio, Pennsylvania and Virginia. Some of the militia states sent several companies of their guard, while most of them were represented by regiments, and Maryland and Pennsylvania by brigades.

The famous Troop A, of Cleveland, Ohio, a National Guard organization, constituted the special guard of honor to President Taft, as it had to the late President McKinley. Maryland's representation included the historic Fifth Regiment of Baltimore, and Virginia had in line the Richmond Blues, a light infantry organization that rendered conspicuous service on many occasions during the Civil War. It rendered service in Lee and Stonewall Jackson for the Confederacy. It was mustered in for the Spanish War, but did not get to the front.

Among other noted military organizations in the parade were the

Richmond Hussars, a cavalry command of Augusta, Ga., and the cadet regiment from the Virginia Military Institute, popularly known as "The West Point of the South," which supplied many of the high commissioned officers for the Confederate army in the Civil War.

Following the military divisions, marched the civic organizations, with the American Club, of Pittsburgh—a uniformed club noted in a score of campaigns—as the special escort of Major Thomas P. Morgan, marshal of the Civic Division. This part of the pageant was heralded as the "Prospect Brigade" and included in it were many organizations which for years have been regular attendants upon national conventions and inaugural ceremonies. Some organizations were in line, however, that never before had visited Washington and their clever marching and attractive uniforms caught and held the fancy of the throngs. Among these were the "Pickaninny Band," composed of colored orphan boys of South Carolina; the "Sherman Scouts," of Eliza, N. Y., carrying at the head of their line a huge oil painting of their neighbor, Vice-President Sherman, and leading at the rear a gaily caparisoned "Billy Goat," an "Alligator Band" from Louisiana, a "Pompano Club" from Georgia, and a Taft club, five hundred strong, from the same state; the New York Republican County Committee, led by strong; the Columbus (Ohio) Club, 100 men, probably the best political musical organization in the country; an "Elio Sam Club" of Buffalo, each of its 100 members attired in the conventional Irish Sam costume; the Independent Division of the Long Island House Company, of Long Island; President Roosevelt's neighbors, and many others.

The Minneapolis Flambeau Club, one of the most spectacular organizations in the country, also appeared in this division of the parade; and the best important feature of the civic division were the representatives of several camps of Confederate Veterans, now grim and gray, some of whom wore their old-time uniforms and carried their short-rifled rifles.

Four years ago, a conspicuous feature of the inaugural parade was made up of Rough Riders. Today their place was taken in the pageant by a contingent of gentlemen riders from the fox-hunting districts of Maryland and Virginia, all clad in regulation pink coats and black caps. They were mounted on the finest horses that were shown in the parade, all thoroughbreds, sallow-colored and handsome.

Preceding the great parade this afternoon, the pageant of the morning which conducted President Taft and Vice-President Sherman to the capitol, the former accompanied by President Roosevelt, while not so brilliant—not so spectacular—was swift to arouse in the minds of the great crowds the stirring events of nearly half a century ago. President Taft had as his personal escort and guard of honor, the Troop A, the black horse troop of Cleveland, but as special escort of honor, he had the veteran soldiers and sailors of the Grand Army of the Republic, the men who fought the nation's battles when to do so tried men's souls. Accompanying them was that contingent of younger soldiers, the Spanish War Veterans. In the division, too, were the organizations of the army and navy union.

It was a tumultuous reception which the throngs gave the incoming and outgoing presidents, and it was a cordial and heart-felt greeting which they reverently accorded that too rapidly disappearing band of men who in time of war were willing to lay down their lives for the nation and in time of peace join with the country in honoring the nation's president.

BLIZZARD CUT.

(Continued from Page 1.)
hered to its prediction, and proclaimed that the day of the Taft inauguration would be a blizzard.

Prof. Willis Moore, in charge of the weather service, sent a message to Mr. Taft at the White House last night assuring him through the aid of a blinding snow that he would take office under cloudless skies with a flood of sunshine and with a temperature of about 60 degrees.

Down town Washington was deserted this morning during the hours which in previous inaugural years have witnessed the straggling of thousands for places of vantage along the sidewalks of the line of the big parade. Hundreds who on yesterday had peeped from the windows of grand stand seats remained at home, thousands of their own volition.

When Mr. Taft and President Roosevelt met this morning in the breakfast room, Mr. Taft's greeting to the man he was soon to succeed was:

"Mr. President, even the elements protest."

"Mr. President-elect," quickly rejoined Mr. Roosevelt, "I know there would be a blizzard clear up to the minute I went out of office."

Notwithstanding the fury of the storm outside, there was happiness and cheer inside the White House up to the moment Mr. Taft and President Roosevelt started for the capitol. Vice-President Fairbanks and the entire membership of President Roosevelt's cabinet had arrived by a quarter of ten.

President Roosevelt and Mr. Taft left the White House at 10:10 a. m., on their journey to the capitol. As he came out of the front door, Mr. Roosevelt bade good-bye to the various officers and attendants who gathered on the portico. Mr. Taft followed.

The president was first to enter the carriage, taking the right hand seat. Mr. Taft followed and set beside him. Senator Knox and Senator Lodge, of the committee on arrangements, also entered the carriage, which was drawn by four horses. The two leading horses were mired and one of them kicked out of the traces and for a time it seemed that the driver would lose control. Everything was straightened out in a few minutes, however, and the President and Mr. Taft drove away amid the cheers of the White House attendants.

Officers of President Roosevelt's cabinet also took a carriage from the White House to the capitol, being given places in line immediately following the presidential party.

Troop A, of Cleveland, the famous black horse cavalry of the Ohio National Guard, which has acted as escort to a number of presidents, performed a similar service today. The large veterans' escort also provided for the march to the capitol was on hand promptly this morning in spite of the storm and loudly cheered by the crowds which began to gather along Pennsylvania avenue in the snow and slush.

Former President Theodore Roosevelt and party will leave Washington in a private car attached to the regular Pennsylvania train leaving Washington at 3 p. m. At Long Island City the Roosevelt party will be supplied with a special train leaving there at 9 o'clock tonight, due at Oyster Bay at 11:15 p. m.

The Road to Success has many obstructions, but none so desperate as poor health. Success today demands health. But Electric Bitters is the greatest health builder the world has ever known. It compels perfect action of stomach, liver, kidneys, bowels, purifies and enriches the blood and tones and invigorates the whole system. Vigorous body and keen brain follow their due. You can't afford to slight Electric Bitters if weak, run-down or sickly. Only 50c. Guaranteed by H. F. Vorkamp.

FOUND MURDERED AT HER HOME.

Saugatuck, Mich., March 4.—Mrs. Mary Baldwin was found murdered today at her home two miles east of Saugatuck. The crime had evidently been committed with either a sharp instrument or a revolver butt, as there was a deep sharp wound in the head. Mrs. Baldwin was found dead by her son who lived with her. Last Thursday night the Baldwin's barn was set afire and their stock burned. It was not known that either Mrs. Baldwin or her son had enemies.

DROWNED OFF NEW YORK DOCKS.

New York, March 4.—Captain Ferguson and his wife Mary, were drowned by the sinking of the barge George H. Bates, at the Baltimore and Ohio docks between N. S. George and Broughton, Staten Island, during the storm today. The body of Mrs. Ferguson was later washed ashore at St. George and recovered. Her husband's body has not been found. Six other barges anchored nearby were smacked during the storm.

PARDON BOARD GRANTS FAVORS.

Columbus, March 4.—The state pardon board today recommended for commutation the following:

Samuel Carr, received from Cuyahoga county in 1888 to serve a life sentence for second degree murder, committed to 20 years, and Andrew Williams received from Cuyahoga county in 1904 to serve 12 years for assault to rob, committed to 8 years, conditional upon his going to California.

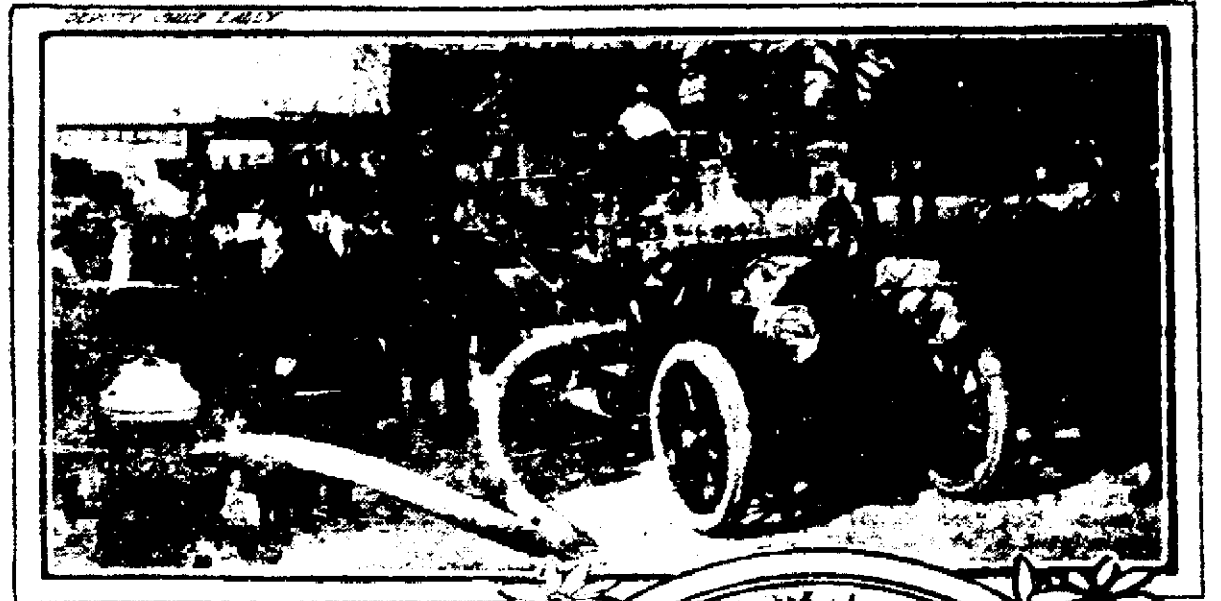
The following were rejected:

Peter Matuchero, Cuyahoga county; William Coleman, Clark county; and Charles Frowman, of Cuyahoga county.

COLONEL TUCKER ON RETIRED LIST.

Washington, March 4.—Secretary Wright today approved the findings of the retiring board in the case of Col. William F. Tucker of the pay department of the army, and son-in-law of Mrs. John A. Logan. This places Colonel Tucker on the retired list for life on three-quarters pay.

OPINION: Gold Medal Flour is nourishing.



STREETS THROWN BY WIND MOTOR FIRE ENGINE CAR.

STORM RIDDEN

THE MORNING STORY
OF CONDITIONS AT
CAPITOL

And of General Havoc by
Elements for Miles
From There

MADE GLOOMY
THE OUTLOOK.

Thousands Bound for In-
augural Never Got to
Destination.

Wind Whistled 'About the
Capitol Thirty Two
Miles an Hour.

Washington, March 4.—11 a. m.
The storm here is almost un-
derstood, blowing, snowing and
snowing all night. It is snowing hard
now. Everything is almost at a
standstill. The streets are full of ice
and snow and slush.

Wilmington, Del., March 4.—A local train from Baltimore over the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington railroad reached Wilmington a few minutes after 11 o'clock. Conductor Rittenbach stated that conditions in Baltimore were serious.

The conductor on a local train said that up to 9 a. m. no trains had arrived in Baltimore from Washington since last night.

Wires were down all over and around the city, so that there is absolutely no wire communication, either telegraph or telephone, between Baltimore and the outside world. The conductor said he heard reports of a number of persons in Baltimore having been killed by coming in contact with fallen wires. Wrecking crews are at work clearing the tracks of fallen trees and poles and endeavoring to get communication in order.

The crew of a freight train reached Wilmington this morning and reported that they had spent the night in covering about 20 miles, and had taken scores of poles and trees from the tracks.

At noon there were many scheduled and extra trains which had been lost, as there was no wire working.

Norfolk, Va., March 4.—The Norfolk weather bureau was in touch by direct wire with Washington for a short time this afternoon. The short weather report from Washington was maximum wind velocity of 34 miles an hour.

Philadelphia, March 4.—Wireless messages received at the navy yard at 11 a. m., says there is about eight inches of snow on the ground and still snowing.

Cincinnati, March 4.—A special to the Times Star from Washington says:

"Inaugural parade will be carried through as arranged in spite of the furious gale and snow that clogs streets and holds up car service. Crowds on streets will be decimated and line of march will be much shorter than had been anticipated. Gale is still blowing carrying mixed rain and snow. Wires down in all directions and incoming trains held up."

Baltimore, Md., March 4.—(By United Wireless to Washington)—Thousands of people bound for the inaugural ceremonies in Washington were delayed here today by reason of paralysis of train traffic resulting from the blizzard. For hours Baltimore was cut off from communication from the outside world.

The city of Washington, where President-elect Taft will be inducted into office today was completely iso-

lated by a severe storm which may necessitate the holding of the inaugural ceremonies in the senate chamber and the changing of other ceremonial features of the inauguration. The latest reports from the nation's capitol were received in New York at 4 a. m. today and stated that it was snowing heavily and that the thoroughfares were covered with snow and slush. Efforts to reach Washington by every means of communication have so far proved unavailing.

A despatch received from Washington shortly after 3 o'clock this morning, gave the information that the street cleaning department of the District of Columbia was waiting until the fall of snow had ceased when it would commence immediately to remove the snow from the line of march of the inaugural procession.

Washington was visited by a similar storm during the second inauguration of Grover Cleveland and at that time though the formal ceremonies were carried out, many of those who participated never recovered from the effects of the storm. Scores of the paraders at that time, including many West Point cadets, were stricken with pneumonia and several deaths resulted. Following the inauguration ceremonies agitation developed to have the next inauguration held on April 30 or some time in the month of May, but congress did not take any action in the matter.

The snow storm which swept the entire Atlantic seaboard early today attained blizzard proportions and new words from Lynchburg, which is 120 miles south of Washington and is practically the nearest point to Washington in communication with the outside world. It is stated that the weather at Lynchburg and northward was fairly pleasant but could give no indication of this morning's situation in Washington.

New York suffered a delay in transportation facilities by the storm. Incoming trains were delayed and ferry service was hampered. It was still snowing in New York at 10 o'clock this morning.

As showing the complete isolation of Washington, efforts to reach that point at ten o'clock this morning were made by long distance telephone from New York to St. Louis thence to Louisville and back to Lynchburg, Va. This resulted in a few words from Lynchburg, which is 120 miles south of Washington and is practically the nearest point to Washington in communication with the outside world. It is stated that the weather at Lynchburg and northward was fairly pleasant but could give no indication of this morning's situation in Washington.

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CANTORIA.
The Kid You See Every Day
Bears the
Signature
C. H. H. H.

FOLLOWING DEBATE

House Passed Initiative and Referendum Bill With Frills

THAT WERE PUT ON BY OPPONENTS.

As it Stands Now it is Almost a Stranger to Author.

Columbus, Ohio, March 4.—Following a long debate, during which the artillery from the opposition was successful in landing a few solid shots where they claim they will cripple its intended usefulness, the House of Representatives yesterday afternoon passed the initiative and referendum bill by an unexpected majority.

The large vote in its favor is credited by the unfriendly as coming only after the bill was pierced to its baring. After the roll was called it showed that the bill had received 89 in the affirmative, while 17 stood out against it.

The prediction of yesterday was realized, for as it now stands amended the bill is almost a stranger to its author. The changes made do not altogether meet with the accord of those who have labored hard during these past few weeks to have the proposed measure brought out on the floor, still they take the situation like the true philosopher, who believes that half a loaf is better than none at all.

The bill will go to the Senate now for another tussle. Even should it pass that branch of the General Assembly, it will be up to the people for final decision. It provides for an amendment to the constitution by which the theory of initiative and referendum is to be made a part of the fundamental law of the state.

In most confident terms the supporters of the bill tell that they have enough votes to put it through the Senate. At this late hour, however, as but about ten legislative days remain, there will be some strenuous work accomplished if this is done.

My three year old boy was badly congested, had a high fever and was in an awful condition. I gave him two doses of Foley's Orino Laxative and the next morning the fever was gone and he was entirely well. Foley's Orino Laxative saved his life." A. Wolkush, Cashier, Wis. Sold at Enterprise Drug Store, M. M. Keltner, Prop.

SPRING TERM OF KINDERGARTEN

Will open Monday morning, March 8th, at 214 north Pierce street. Th&sc

OUT AND IN AGAIN.

Tony Cassaro Dismissed on Assault Charge.

Late yesterday afternoon Howard Williams and James Burns, together with four companions were released from the county jail, after being held to the grand jury for indication with the West Cairo robbery case. Last night they were locked up by the police authorities and the charge of vagrancy placed against them. They were arraigned before the mayor, who gave them each one hour to leave the city.

William Nolan was assessed \$1 and costs for being intoxicated. Tony Cassaro, who was arrested upon complaint of his wife on the charge of assault, was released for want of prosecution.

UNITED BRETHREN

Foreign Missionary Society Elects Officers.

The Foreign Missionary Society of the First United Brethren church held their monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. J. D. Petree, east High street, Wednesday afternoon. The following officers were elected: President, Mrs. J. J. Poage; Vice-President, Miss Lena Poage; Secretary, Mrs. C. M. Sticker; Treasurer, Mrs. J. H. Allen; Sec. Literature, Mrs. J. H. Hallinger; Mrs. J. H. Benson and Mrs. J. H. Benson were elected delegates to the annual convention to be held at Gallon, O., early in April.

An Ideal Cough Medicine.

"As an ideal cough medicine I regard Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in a class by itself," says Dr. R. A. Wilshire, of Gwynneville, Ind. "I take great pleasure in testifying to the results of Chamberlain's Cough Medicine. In fact, I know of no other preparation that meets so fully the expectations of the most exacting in cases of croup and coughs of children. As it contains no opium, chloroform or morphine it certainly makes a most safe, pleasant and efficacious remedy for the ills it is intended." For sale by all druggists.

TWO LIQUOR HOUSES

Added to the List in the City of Lima.

Two liquor houses have been added to the list in the offices of County Auditor Akerman, being the Gold Hill Liquor Company, located at No. 34 public square, and the Blue colored expurgator, who has been a member to dispense the intoxicating beverages at No. 108 south Union street, where he has heretofore conducted a pool room and soft drink establishment. As the business now stands in the county, the saloons are distributed as follows:

Delphos .. 12

Lawrence .. 1

Spencer township .. 2

City of Lima .. 69

Total .. 84

CASTORIA.

Beers the Kind You Have Always Bought

Signature of J. H. P. H. P.

RASOR SEEMED GLAD

When Testimony Ended and Crisis in Case Was About Reached.

COUNSEL START THE ARGUMENTS.

Court Giving Them Full Limit as to Time in Speeches.

Medina, O., March 4.—The taking of testimony in the case of Guy Rasor, accused of the murder of Miss Orle Lee, in Wadsworth, October 8, was completed today and the arguments to the jury began. Judge Hayden extended each side as much time as they desired.

Sheriff Hutchinson was the last witness called. "When you met Rasor in the road the morning the body of Orle Lee was found did he say, 'My God, do you think I did it?'" Attorney Anderson asked the sheriff.

"No, sir," the officer answered. "State whether Rasor said he went home at 5 o'clock the night of the murder?"

"No, sir, he did not." "Joseph Rasor is our last witness," said Attorney Anderson. "He is on his way here."

After a consultation between the state's attorneys it was decided not to delay the trial.

"The state rests," said Attorney Anderson at 9 o'clock.

Judge Hayden suggested that the arguments be limited. After a conference between attorneys for both sides, Judge Hayden fixed no limit, requesting them to be reasonable.

Prosecutor McClure then started the opening argument for the state. Rasor was excited but seemed glad that the crisis had been reached.

Wood's Liver Medicine is a liver regulator which brings quick relief to sick headache, constipation, biliousness and other symptoms of liver disorders. Particularly recommended for jaundice, chills, fever, malaria. The \$1.00 size contains 24 times as much as the 50c size. Sold at Red Cross Drug Store.

COLLEGES NEXT

FOR MUCKRAKERS.

Dorson, Mass., March 4.—That the colleges of the United States ought to be overhauled by muckrakers particularly those which obtain money under false pretenses, the declaration made here by President King, of Oberlin. There are but two institutions to which the muckraker has not turned his attention," said the President, "the church and the college, but mark my words, it will be our turn next. There are plenty of colleges doing things they ought not to do. There is such a thing as getting money under false pretenses. Courses primarily designed as beneficial to the professor, should not be announced. Neither should a college carry a course, the facilities for teaching of which are inadequate. That is not honest. I am going to have at Oberlin a catalogue that does not lie," he added, "any more than we can help."

Sick headache, constipation and biliousness are relieved by Kings Little Liver Pills. They cleanse the system. Do not gripe. Price 25c. Sold at Red Cross Drug Store.

SULLIVAN MUST

FIGHT FOR PLACE.

Columbus, Ohio, March 4.—The Senate yesterday confirmed the appointment of J. C. Sullivan, of Butler County, as Railway Commissioner. During January the Senate confirmed the reappointment of J. C. Morris, of Mahoning county, to the same office. Recently the Circuit Court held that neither had a legal claim to the place, but Morris, through the Court's holding, was permitted to continue in the office until his successor was appointed and confirmed. The confirmation today of Sullivan's appointment will not mean that the office will be turned over to him, but that the contest will go to the Supreme Court. Sullivan is a Democrat and Morris a Republican. They were appointed respectively "by the new and out-going Governors."

Foley's Honey and Tar cures coughs quickly. Strengthens the lungs and expels colds. Get the genuine in a yellow package. Sold at Enterprise Drug Store, M. M. Keltner, Prop.

TWO PERISHED

INSTEAD OF ONE.

New York, March 4.—Two persons instead of one as believed at first perished in a fire early today which swept through three four-story tenements at Numbers 311-313-315 Seventh avenue, Brooklyn. Neither of the victims had been identified this morning. One was a woman apparently about 25 years old and the other was a young boy. The fire, which started in the basement, appears to have been of incendiary origin.

TO CALIFORNIA AND MEXICO

VIA NEW ORLEANS.

The Southern Route, being free from snow, ice and frosts, makes a most delightful trip for tourists and others from the North. The Southern Pacific Co. Sunset Express with Dining Cars—Service unexcelled—Standard Pullmans and Chair Cars leave New Orleans daily for Texas, Mexico and California, also through Tourist sleeper for Los Angeles-San Francisco, leaving Cincinnati every Tuesday evening. Winter tourist's tickets now on sale. For particulars call or write.

W. H. CONNOR, General Agent, 53 E. 4th St., Cincinnati, Ohio. Jan 26-tu-tat-tt

Holland Cloth Shades mounted on Harshaw Improved rollers, the only kind sold at our store.

CARTER & CARROLL
LIMA'S NEW STORE.

Let us estimate price on your new shades. Phone our shade man to call.

Impressive Announcement of the Opening of Our New Rug, Carpet and Drapery Department.

We invite your inspection of our exceedingly large assortment of New Carpets, Rugs, Draperies and Lace Curtains. This accumulation of floor coverings and draperies is the culmination of months of hard work, in selecting and getting together a splendid display of the world's best merchandise, suitable for this community, at prices that are lower than the lowest. The assortment is greater than you will find between Toledo and Cincinnati. Our display room for showing these carpets, draperies, rugs and lace curtains is unexcelled. When you think of rugs, carpets, draperies and curtains, keep our store in mind and inspect our offerings before you buy.

Showing of High Class Rugs.

A complete assortment of new Selkirk, Bundhar, Royal Wilton, Persian Art Loom and Savalan room size Rugs, priced at \$25, \$27.50, \$32.50, \$39 and up to \$45.

Special Low Prices Named on Room Size Axminster Rugs.

All new Spring Patterns, unequalled assortment, unmatchable prices.

Size 6 ft. by 9 ft. Axminster Rug. Only \$12.50.
Size 8 1/2 by 10 1/2 Axminster Rug. Only \$17.50.
Size 9 ft. by 12 ft. Axminster Rug. Only \$18.75.

Beautiful Spring Patterns in Room Size Rugs.

9 ft. by 11 ft. Manor Brussels Rug. Only \$10.00.
8 1/2 by 10 1/2 Standard Brussels Rug. Only \$11.95.
9 ft. by 12 ft. Standard Brussels Rug. Only \$13.95.
9 ft. by 12 ft. Seamless Brussels Rug. Only \$15.
9 ft. by 12 ft. Seamless Brussels Rug. Only \$17.50.
9 ft. by 12 ft. Seamless Velvet Rug. Only \$19.50.
9 ft. by 12 ft. Seamless Wilton Velvet Rug. Only \$32.50.

New Spring Line Portiere Curtains.

A vast range of Portiere Curtains at \$1.50, \$2.50, \$5, \$7.50 and up to \$25 the pair. See our line before you buy.

We solicit your patronage while the assortments are entirely unbroken. We will make up your carpets now and lay your rugs aside and you can take them at house-cleaning time. We positively guarantee you a big saving on your purchases.

CARTER & CARROLL.

SPRINGFIELD

Wants Next Woodmen of the World Convention.

Springfield is going to make a great effort to land the state convention of Woodmen of the World for their next meeting, at the session here next week.

The Commercial club of that city is making the matter, and the delegation from Springfield will wear badges bearing the words "Springfield in 1911," and they will also be circulated among the other four hundred delegates. They are also expecting to send a formal invitation, signed by the Commercial club and Mayor Burnett, asking the Woodmen to visit their city at their next convention.

These affairs take place biennially, and the one scheduled for this city next Tuesday and Wednesday, will bring a large number of people to the city from all sections of the state.

A Pleasant Physic.

When you want a pleasant physic give Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets a trial. They are mild and gentle in their action and always produce a pleasant cathartic effect. Call at all drug stores for a free sample.

HORSE AND WAGON

Collided With Other Rigs on South Main Street.

Some little excitement was created this morning about 9 o'clock when a horse and grocery wagon went speeding down south Main street. The rig belonged to the Parks livery barn, on east Market street, and the driver had left the horse standing for a minute, just in front of the Mint restaurant, something frightened the animal, and it started to run turning south on Main street and running up with a crash with several other rigs in front of the Laighlin fish market. The horse disentangled itself and went on, returning to the barn in a roundabout way, the shafts of the wagon still attached. The animal was badly bruised on account of the collision in which the wagon was somewhat demolished, but beyond these injuries and the breaking of the iron hitching rack in front of the fish market, the accident amounted to little.

NOTICE TO OUR PATRONS.

Being forced to vacate to make room for the new interurban depot, we have moved our horse shoeing shop from the old hotel stand on Central avenue to No. 120 east Elm street.

MAHER & MORTON.

FUNERAL SERVICE.

The funeral service over the remains of Mrs. Louis Stoler, who died yesterday morning, will be held Friday afternoon at two o'clock at the residence, rear of 116 west Elm street. Dr. Campbell will have charge of the service.

O'CONNOR BROS. CO.,

General Insurance, Real Estate and Steamship Agency. Rooms 2, 3, and 4, O'Connor Block.

Still Doing Business at the Same Old Stand. Agency Established 1875.

Represent 25 leading Companies, taking care of the following lines:

Life, Employers' Liability, Fly Wheel Explosion, Fire, Physicians' Indemnity, Accident, Steam Boiler, Surety Bonds, Plate Glass, Rents, Tornado, Store, Bank & Residence Burglary.

Automobile Lines Against:

Personal Liability, Property Damage, Fire, from any cause, Explosion, Collision, Theft,

Ocean Tickets, Foreign Exchange, Travelers' Checks, Real Estate—Bought, sold or exchanged.

Guarantee safe indemnity and strict attention to patrons' interests.

RESPECTFULLY SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS
Phones 72.

CO-WORKER

From St. Marys Addressed Medical Society.

The regular meeting of the Allen County Medical society was addressed by Dr. Williams, of St. Marys, who spoke on the topic "The New Law of Vital Statistics." This was very interesting and was much enjoyed by the medical fraternity. Another speaker of the evening was

Dr. A. Bice, who read a paper on "Surgery of the Tonils," which was thoroughly discussed by the members present.

A new member, Dr. L. H. Hauman, of West City, was admitted into the association, and Dr. Tillotson, of Delphos, was made a member of the state auxiliary committee on Public Health and Legislation.

Those present were Drs. Tillotson of Delphos; Williams, of St. Marys; H. C. Bennett, Andrew Bice, F. G. Steuber, Shelby Mumaugh, L. H. Hauman, T. T. Sticker, Leatherman, T. M. Johnson, A. D. Kulsley, A. Pfeiffer, A. S. Rudy, W. H. Parent, J. B. Poling, J. E. Landick, O. E. Chenoweth, Wm. Roush and Iva Lickly.

A guaranteed cough remedy is Bees Laxative Cough Syrup. For coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough, hoarseness and all bronchial affections. Best for children because it is quick to relieve and tastes good. Gently laxative. Sold at Red Cross Drug Store. mar-1m

PECULIAR CIRCUMSTANCES SURROUNDING SUICIDAL THOUGHT.

Driven frantic by the severe pains accompanying a bad case of rheumatism of 10 years' standing, M. C. Rozze, of 217 West Eighth street, attempted to commit suicide, and the circumstances surrounding it have just been brought to light. He said, when seen Tuesday:

Three months ago I was confined to bed with what I consider the worst case of rheumatism a man ever had. My pain was unbearable, and when a person would come into my room I would cry out with agony. Many times I was on the point of ending all. Finally, as a last resort, I tried Rheumaline. It was like the sun bursting through a cloudy and dim sky. In one week I was walking around and in a month I was nearly well. This was brought about

only through the use of Rheumaline. Rheumaline Capsules and the Rheumaline Tablets, the latter relieving a chronic case of constipation. The Capsules stopped my pain almost instantaneously. No one feels more grateful to the Rheumaline Remedies than I do. My phone number is Canal 1-107-R, and I would like to have all sufferers from rheumatism call me up.

Rheumaline can do the same for you, as it cures all kinds of rheumatism, lumbago, sciatica, neuralgia, gout and kidney, liver, bladder, stomach and blood troubles caused by uric acid. Rheumaline Capsules do stop the pain and Rheumaline Tablets relieve constipation. All may be procured at Hunter Bros. Drug Store, 107-R, and it removes the cause.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

Nothing Could Be Nicer in the Home Than a Good Piano.

We have not the BEST but as good. Our prices are the most reasonable of any Piano Company in the business. We would be pleased to show you the finest line for you to see. Come in and let us tell you all about the goods we sell. Nothing better for the money.

FIVE YEARS OF SUCCESS AND MANY WELL PLEASED CUSTOMERS.

WHY?

WE save you money.
WE sell you good Pianos.
WE see that you are satisfied.
WE wish to tell you of our Pianos.
WE would like to sell you a Piano.
WE will sell you if you will investigate.
WE are trying to make Columbus Grove, O., headquarters for the Piano Business.
WE think it lays wholly with the people.
WE will sell you for cash or easy payments.
WE are not the largest or are
WE the smallest Piano Dealers, but
WE deal square.

H. H. HOLLIS, Manager, Columbus Grove, O.

Your Mail Will Have Prompt Attention.

PIANOS. PIANOS.

SMOOTH STRANGER PROMINENT BANKER

Succeeded in Passing a Bad Check at Norval Hotel Today.

CHECK DRAWN ON TOLEDO BANK.

Fraud Discovered Quickly Subject of Address Will be But Stranger Made Good His Escape.

A smooth stranger, who registered at the Hotel Norval last evening as L. C. Harwick of Toledo, Ill., succeeded in passing a worthless check on a prominent banker, although the fraud was discovered within a short time. The stranger arrived at the hotel about 10 o'clock, but had no baggage. He registered and was assigned to a room for the night. During the evening he asked the clerk to advance him some money until his express check arrived, and was refused. Later in the evening he approached Mr. Moore, and asked if he could cash his express check when it arrived, as he expected it in the morning mail. When Mr. Moore was luredly occupied this morning the stranger presented a check, and the proprietor cashed it. The check was dated, Toledo, Ohio, March 2, 1909, drawn on the National Bank of Commerce, of Toledo, in favor of L. C. Harwick, and signed by Kaufman Bros., per E. C. C. calling for thirty dollars.

Later in the morning when Mr. Moore had a little leisure time he examined the paper and thought that it did not look just right, and accordingly started to look for Harwick, but discovered that he had left the hotel. He then presented the check at a local bank who communicated with Toledo and ascertained that the paper is worthless.

TRIAL LOSING INTEREST.

Nashville, Tenn., March 4.—When the Cooper-Sheriff murder case was resumed the seventh week of the famous trial began. The attendance of spectators was smaller than usual.

After waiting for the state's attorneys for some time Judge Barker sent for them. The word came back that they were not in court, and craved the indulgence of the court.

Thereupon Judge Anderson said: "Pending the absence of the state, a counsel for defense will also return for a conference but we will return when you call for us."

The attorneys will draw, conferred and returned but still the state's attorneys stayed. It was after 10 o'clock before Attorney General McCann and his associates entered and said:

"Recall Dr. McPherson's Glasgow for cross-examination."

Captain Fitzhugh conducted the cross-examination.

"Doctor when counsel examined you and read out autopsy statement to Dr. Eve, he described one of the wounds upon Senator Carnack's body as one and one-half inches from the middle line of left side. Is that correct?"

"No, sir. It was one-half inch. It was type written one and one-half, but the one was crossed out."

A Hurry Up Call.
Quick! Mr. Druggist! Quick! A box of Buckner's Arnica Salve—Herr's a quarter—For the love of Moses, hurry. Baby's burned himself, terribly—Johnnie cut his foot with the axe—Mama's scalded—Pa can't walk from piles—Billie has boils—and my corus ache. She got it—and soon cured all the family. Its the greatest healer on earth. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist.

HARMON FIXES ELECTION DATE.
Columbus, March 4.—The special election in Cleveland for the selection of a successor to Congressman Theodore E. Burton, has been set by Governor Harmon for April 20th, a proclamation in this effect having been issued from the executive office today.

It is almost certain that the election will be held under the new primary law for the house elections committee, Wednesday night, voted to make special elections subject to the new law.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
Dr. Weadock has removed his office to 1-2-3, O'Connor Block, 323 1/2 north Main, just north of court house. feb-17

TURKEY'S CABINET CHANGE.
The Ottoman empire has a new grand vizier in the person of Hussein Hilmi Pacha, formerly inspector general of eastern Roumelia and recently minister of the interior. The downfall of Kiamil Pacha, as told by dispatches from Constantinople, is ascribed by the local press without reserve to the handling of the Russo-Bulgarian crisis, more especially since the Russian proposal was made, and a manifest desire to be the real governor of the country are the sufficient reasons for his dismissal. Vienna regards the situation in Constantinople as very serious, especially since the change of ministry will postpone the signing of the agreement between Austria and Turkey and may vitiate the pact altogether. Sofia is becoming impatient over the prolongation of the negotiations with Turkey and a dispatch from Vienna this morning quotes certain vehement declarations by Bulgarian newspapers, which blame Russia for recent disappointments. Events in the Ottoman empire, it is felt, will not better their temper or brighten their hopes. New York Herald.

LINES FROM A SCROOGE.
Little globe of ashes,
Little daisy of sand,
Spill the youngsters' slide-way
And make a pleasant land.
—Buffalo News.

WITCHES.
In days of old
A wrinkled witch
Deep in the wood
Would trineed perch.
There o'er her cauldron heading
Double,
She'd bid her dark dection inhale
Now witching sprites,
Their fathers' pets,
Perform the rites
In parlorites
And, heading o'er their chafing dish
Produce most anything name wishes
Philadelphia Bulletin

A SIGN.
When people begin to take the trouble to tell other people that the value of your work is overestimated it is a sign that you are succeeding
—Chicago Record Herald.

The Grange

This Department is Under the Auspices of the Allen County Pomona Grange, Edited by W. S. Engle, R. R. 5, Lima, to Whom All Matter for the Department Must be Addressed.

The following is the last annual address of T. C. Atkinson, overseer of the National Grange, and dean of the College of Agriculture of the West Virginia University.

Yielding to an imperious custom, I proceed to make such report as seems to me worth while.

"I feel sure that if such people were acquainted with the ladies and gentlemen who compose this body, and the membership of the Grange generally, there would be less inclination to 'go slumming' among the farmers of this country. Agriculture is largely the most important industry in America, whether measured in the dollars of commercial wealth or in the fundamental importance to human life and civilization. And that is not all. Measured by any standard of citizenship, the farmers of the United States are the peers of any other class of our entire population. They represent the steady, loyal, and patriotic element of American society upon which the government can safely rely in any emergency."

"This being the fact, I confess that so much talk about 'betterment' and 'uplift' in connection with the farmer class makes me just a little bit weary. All such talk implies a whole lot that is not true, but I try not to resent it unkindly, because of the evident good intentions of the people who talk it. Suppose we try a little of the 'uplift' business upon our senators, congressmen and legislators, governors, trust magnates, stock gamblers, railroad checkers and rich manufacturers. Some of them certainly need it. If we are to believe the accumulated evidence of the last few years, it might be well for the National Grange to appoint a 'Commission on City Life' and ask the farmers, teachers, ministers, and business men and others to report on the conditions of city life and 'what needs to be done.' Now I am not sure that I know what needs to be done in the city, but I am sure that there is more evil and more ignorance there than in the country, and while I may not know what should be done to 'uplift' our city people, I am convinced that I know as much about it as the city men know about what needs to be done to 'uplift' country life."

"As a matter of fact, the farmers of the United States are all right, and the only thing that 'needs to be done' is to give them a 'square deal' before the laws of the land, and they will work out their own salvation in their own healthy and manly way. The farmers of this country ask no special privileges. They do not desire to be patronized or coddled. They are not 'know-nothings,' but strong and vigorous types of American manhood."

"Abolish the special privileges certain individuals and certain interests have been enjoying, and guarantee to every man whether rich or poor, and every interest whether great or small, equal rights and privileges before the laws of the land, and the great wealth-producing farmer class will take care of itself, and come as near giving themselves an 'uplift' by their own bootstraps as any class of people in the world. Now it happens that I know some of the members of the 'Commission on Country Life' personally, and all of them by the great reputation they have made for themselves, and I am inclined to think that the perspective will be from the outside rather than the true view point. Was it an oversight that not a single rural farmer was named on the commission?"

"One captious critic says: 'Under ordinary circumstances one might suppose the members of such a commission would be men who are actually in touch with the subject of inquiry. It is not customary to name a committee of bootblacks to investigate the book keeping of the nation's finances, do we expect back hands on a court of inquiry into violations of the interstate commerce law. Why not put farmers on a commission to determine farming conditions? If not a majority of farmers, at least one representative farmer, who works with his sleeves rolled up every day?'"

"On the whole, however, the personnel of the commission is strong and capable, and since the investigation is to be made, I think it will be a thorough and impartial one. I have no doubt that the report will contain much valuable information bearing upon economic questions in which the farmers are largely interested. The most and most valuable of such information must come from the farmers themselves, and not from the 'teachers,' ministers, business men and others," whose assistance is to be sought. The Grange in its organized capacity and through its individual members will do all that it can to assist the commission in understanding the true situation, and as a starting point it might be well for it to read the Grange 'Declaration of Purposes' which was adopted thirty-five years ago."

"If it were not for the intimation that there is something the matter with that mighty army of stalwart citizens, who dig from the earth annually \$8,000,000,000 worth of wealth, and feed our own one hundred millions of people, and the other nations of the earth, I should feel inclined to smile. But what is the use? Give them a 'square deal,' and a fair share of the wealth they produce, and see what a mighty 'uplift' the American farmer and American agriculture will get."

"A leading agricultural paper asks the pertinent question: 'By what authority are farmers declared, both directly and by implication, to be behind other great classes of people, and in need of investigation to provide a basis for their uplift? To which I would like to add that from my viewpoint the only 'uplift' that is needed is to 'uplift' from the back of agriculture, the trusts, combinations and the specially privileged interests that uniformly oppose and defeat the equitable, reasonable and just demands of the Grange. If anybody really wants to give the farmers an 'uplift,' let him get his shoulder under the National Grange demands and give a mighty 'hiss.'"

"Our agriculture is progressing and uplifting, but the inspiration has come from within rather than from without, and the Order of Patrons of Husbandry has had a glorious part in every movement for agricultural progress during the last forty-two years. The Grange in all its branches is a country life commission that carries its authority under its hat, and realizes the actual conditions that exist more fully than any one else. If wrongs exist, and injustice is done the farmers, no one knows it better than they do, and no one has a more correct or direct view-point."

"Realizing the importance of the Order of Patrons of Husbandry to agriculture and the farmers and their families, permit me to say that the most important work any one can do toward maintaining the right, is to strengthen and build up the Grange wherever it is possible."

"Discipline, courage, and intelligence properly directed by a united and harmonious organization like the Grange, composed of farmers, will accomplish more for agriculture than any other possible influence."

"In conclusion as your overseer, permit me to say that in my opinion the most important thing that can be done for agriculture is to 'uplift' the Grange banner in every rural community."

(Continued Next Week.)

Good Cough Medicine for Children.
The season for coughs and colds is now at hand and too much care cannot be used to protect the children. A child is much more likely to contract diphtheria or scarlet fever when he has a cold. The quicker you cure his cold the less the risk. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is the sole reliance of many mothers, and few of those who have tried it are willing to use any other. Mrs. F. W. Sarcher, of Ripley, W. Va., says: "I have never used anything other than Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for my children, and it has always given good satisfaction." This remedy contains no opium or other narcotic and may be given as confidently to a child as to an adult. For sale by all druggists.

LOVING.
I love you when the rosy dawn Comes dreaming o'er the sea
I love you when the sun is high And blossoms woo the bee;
I love you when, at dusk, the leaves In mournful numbers sigh,
I love you when the stars appear Like Cupids in the sky.

I love you when the spring is here And blossoms early wake,
I love you when the autumn sear In gray skies bends above you,
I love you in the winter, dear, Through all the years—I love you
—Philadelphia Star

ALWAYS THERE.
American manhood is always there—When the ship goes down, or the bugles blow
On fields of battle, in depths of strife, There are heroes ready to give their life.

To succor others, to help and save From the leaping flame or the rolling wave

American manhood is always there—In the dark hour on the crowded stair,
In the ruined streets when the great earth rocks,
In the flood that sweeps and the bolt that rocks,
In the tragic moment of death and tear,
The heart of a hero is beating near
—Baltimore Sun.

THE EARNERS.
I never read of any millionaire who can afford to be recklessly and foolishly extravagant, says Mr. Tuckaway, without thanking what a lot of people must work for him for less than they ought to get.
—Kansas City Times

LEGAL NOTICE.
Henry Albert Radala, whose last known residence was Pittsburg, Pa., will take notice that Elizabeth Francis Radala, has filed her petition in the Common Pleas Court of Allen County, Ohio, in case No. 13729, on Docket No. 8, asking for a divorce on the grounds of extreme cruelty and gross neglect of duty and custody of the minor child, and unless he answers on or before the 8th day of April A. D. 1909, judgment will be granted against him.

ELIZABETH FRANCIS RADALA
By J. L. ARMSTRONG, Her Atty.
Feb 25-th-1909-3wks

NOTICE.
Morgan H. McPherson and Emma McPherson his wife, Clara Simmons and Earl Simmons her husband, and Ray McPherson, all residing in Champaign, State of Illinois, will take notice that on the 26th day of January, 1909, The Citizens Loan and Building Company of Lima, Ohio, filed its petition in the Common Pleas Court of Allen County, Ohio, in Case No. 13729, asking for a divorce on the grounds of extreme cruelty and gross neglect of duty and custody of the minor child, and unless he answers on or before the 8th day of April A. D. 1909, judgment will be granted against him.

ELIZABETH FRANCIS RADALA
By J. L. ARMSTRONG, Her Atty.
Feb 25-th-1909-3wks

NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT.
Estate of David M. Miller, deceased
The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as Administrator of the estate of David M. Miller, late of Allen County, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 24th day of February, A. D. 1909.

AMMI MILLER,
By T. R. HAMILTON, His Atty.
Feb 25-3wks

Mortimer Whitehead in writing of the last session of the National Grange and referring to the efforts of the National Grange to exchange places with the National Grange, said as follows:

Perhaps the most notable of these conferences was that of President Roosevelt's commission on farm life. It occupied a full morning's session, with Dr. L. H. Bailey, chairman of the commission, in the chair. A free exchange of opinions was had, not only by members of the National Grange, but also by those of the National Grange, including an able argument by Sister Burton, wife of State Master Burton of Oregon, on the wife and mother's side of farm life—but also of visiting Patrons from several states. It was surprising and encouraging to note how closely along Grange lines the work of this commission has so far extended, and they freely admitted that a large number of the requests they were receiving to the series of questions which they have been sending out, pointed to the Grange as filling the greatest need of the farmer.

In fact in summing up all that was said about better roads, more education, more organizations, and other helps in rural life, it was plainly proven that for more than forty years the Grange had been doing what the president was seeking by his commission, and that its 'Declaration of Purposes' now thirty-five years old, if put into practice by the farmers, would bring all the results desired, and in fact that the president was just forty-two years behind the Grange in seeking to better and brighten the life of the farmer and his family.

"If the Grange could be established in every rural community, and would live up to its opportunities, the farmer could help himself and would need no commissions, no investigations, no 'molly-coddling.' Not so."

Another Woman Cured.
Christiana, Tenn.—I suffered from the worst form of female trouble so that at times I thought I could not live, and my nerves were in a dreadful condition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me, and made me feel like a different woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold to suffering women.—Mrs. Mary Wood, R.F.D. 1, live up to its opportunities, the farmer could help himself and would need no commissions, no investigations, no 'molly-coddling.' Not so."

For thirty years this famous remedy has been the standard for all forms of female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, fibroids, irregularities, backache, and nervous prostration.

For want of special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

THE DEATH BUTTON.
Safety in railroad travel is a vital and interesting topic, and an article in the Circle entitled, "Making Railroad Travel Safer," gives some remarkable illustrations of the many inventions and automatic appliances which tend to guard the public from danger. One of these is called the "death button," making provision, as it does, in case of the sudden death or inactivity of the one in charge at the moment on lines where electric current has been installed as a propelling power.

The well-known "death button," now in use in the Manhattan subway trains, is a safety device in line with this future development.

In the top of the electric controller handle, which is moved in a circle over a row of contact buttons by the motorman, who regulates the speed of the train, is a little plunger button which is the real factor in throwing the electric current off and on. It sticks through the handle, and is held up by a spring.

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THE EARNERS.
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—Kansas City Times

LEGAL NOTICE.
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By J. L. ARMSTRONG, Her Atty.
Feb 25-th-1909-3wks

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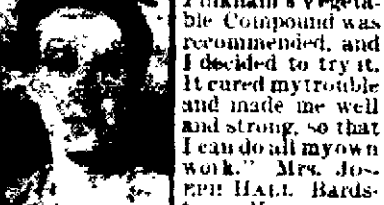
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MADE WELL AND STRONG

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Bardonia, Ky.—I suffered from ulceration and other female troubles for a long time. Doctors had failed to help me. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended, and I decided to try it. It cured my trouble and made me well and strong, so that I can do all my own work. Mrs. Joseph Hall, Bardonia, Ky.



Another Woman Cured.
Christiana, Tenn.—I suffered from the worst form of female trouble so that at times I thought I could not live, and my nerves were in a dreadful condition. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me, and made me feel like a different woman. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is worth its weight in gold to suffering women.—Mrs. Mary Wood, R.F.D. 1, live up to its opportunities, the farmer could help himself and would need no commissions, no investigations, no 'molly-coddling.' Not so."

For thirty years this famous remedy has been the standard for all forms of female ills, and has cured thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, fibroids, irregularities, backache, and nervous prostration.

For want of special advice write for it to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. It is free and always helpful.

THE DEATH BUTTON.
Safety in railroad travel is a vital and interesting topic, and an article in the Circle entitled, "Making Railroad Travel Safer," gives some remarkable illustrations of the many inventions and automatic appliances which tend to guard the public from danger. One of these is called the "death button," making provision, as it does, in case of the sudden death or inactivity of the one in charge at the moment on lines where electric current has been installed as a propelling power.

The well-known "death button," now in use in the Manhattan subway trains, is a safety device in line with this future development.

In the top of the electric controller handle, which is moved in a circle over a row of contact buttons by the motorman, who regulates the speed of the train, is a little plunger button which is the real factor in throwing the electric current off and on. It sticks through the handle, and is held up by a spring.

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DECLINE OFFER

BALTIMORE AND OHIO
DEAL FOR THE
C. H. & D.Not Satisfactory to Note
Holders and Deal
Is Off.MAY BE RESUMED
SOME LATER DATE.Pennsylvania Making Tests
of Pullmans Made
of Steel.Concrete Telegraph Poles
Only Ones to Stand
Recent Storm.

New York, March 4.—The committee representing the 1 1/2 per cent notes of the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton Railway Company, at a meeting yesterday, decided to reject the offer made by the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company for the acquisition of the property. This does not necessarily mean that the whole deal will fall through, but the shareholders have refused to accept the latest plan submitted by the Baltimore and Ohio. It is understood that further negotiations may be undertaken with a view to reaching an adjustment satisfactory to all parties. In the event of these negotiations failing to meet the views of the shareholders it is stated that they are prepared to raise sufficient money to buy in the property at foreclosure if the matter goes as far as that.

The offer made by the Baltimore and Ohio, which has been rejected, was substantially as follows:

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton 4 per cent notes maturing in 1913 were to be guaranteed principally and interest by the Baltimore and Ohio, and the \$11,000,000 Pere Marquette common stock held as collateral for these notes was to be relinquished.

The holders of the 4 1/2 per cent notes maturing in 1909 were asked to relinquish all claims to the three and one half years interest now in default, and were to receive in exchange for these notes a Baltimore and Ohio bond, which would not begin to draw interest until 1914. Interest would then begin at the rate of 5 per cent, and would be raised 1 per cent annually until 1918, when it would be established on a permanent 7 1/2 per cent basis. The Baltimore and Ohio undertook to guarantee that these bonds would have no immediate cash value of \$60.

The plan, it is understood, further provided that J. P. Morgan & Co. should give the Baltimore and Ohio a five year option at 100 on the \$5,000,000 Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton common stock. If at the end

of five years the Baltimore & Ohio had not exercised its option at that time, the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton common stock would be sold to the Baltimore & Ohio at a price of 100 on the \$5,000,000 stock.

Testing Steel Cars. Pittsburgh, March 4.—Pennsylvania railroad officials yesterday began a series of tests with an all-steel Pullman car, the first of its kind ever built. The car arrived in Pittsburgh yesterday from the Chicago shops of the Pullman Company, and after a thorough inspection by local officials and motive power experts it was attached to one of the through trains and taken to Broad street station, Philadelphia, where the tests will be made. From Philadelphia the car will be taken to New York and thence over the New York Central system to Chicago.

If the tests with the all-steel Pullman are successful the Pennsylvania Railroad Company will use this class of equipment exclusively for through service and particularly on the lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie, on account of the New York Central's officials having issued instructions that no wooden equipment will be used in these tunnels. This means that every coach, and in fact every passenger car used for local service between Philadelphia and New York and every car used in through service must be made of steel.

In this connection it was stated yesterday that orders have been issued by both the Pennsylvania and the New York Central to the Pullman Company that every car owned by the latter which is used on either of these lines must be made of steel and be absolutely fireproof.

The Pullman company is given a specified time in which to furnish this equipment or the railroads will build their own cars. At first the Pullman company refused absolutely to comply with this request, but it was intimated yesterday that the company will furnish the all-steel equipment.

This means that the working force at the Chicago shops of the Pullman Company will be greatly increased and that the company will be obliged to place large contracts with car builders. It is expected that some of these orders will come to Pittsburgh.

More Line Trouble. The Pennsylvania rushed a gang of linemen to Chicago, to look after work on the west end. About forty of the men who have been repairing the storm damage between Van Wert and Lima were taken.

Concrete Poles a Success. Pittsburgh, March 4.—The value of re-inforced concrete telegraph poles was demonstrated satisfactorily several days ago by the damage done through western Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana by the heavy fall of sleet and rain that covered the lake region, according to reports compiled by G. A. Sellers, chief of the telegraph department of the Pennsylvania lines.

The company is experimenting with concrete telegraph poles along the Fort Wayne system. Following the heavy storm Mr. Sellers went down the line to see what damage had been done and to inspect the concrete poles. He found all such poles to be in good shape, while many of the wooden poles were down.

How can any person risk taking some unknown cough remedy when Foley's Honey and Tar costs them no more? It is a safe remedy, contains no harmful drugs and cures the most obstinate coughs and colds. Why experiment with your health? Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold at Enterprise Drug Store, M. M. Keltner, Prop.

BIG PUBLIC DANCE

Thursday night at Armory. Orchestra of nine pieces.

Popular Prices. 10c and 25c. 3-21

DISTINGUISHED

Horticulturist Employed by

State University.

The board of trustees of the University held a meeting on February 25. Aside from the regular business of the board the only important work done was the election of Professor Wendell Paddock as head of the department of horticulture, whose election is to take effect on July 1, 1909. Professor Paddock is a graduate of the Michigan Agricultural College and is considered one of the leading horticulturists in the country. For a number of years he was assistant horticulturist at the New York Experiment Station at Geneva, New York. He comes to Ohio State from the Colorado College of Agriculture at Fort Collins, Colorado, at which institution he has been at the head of the department of horticulture.

Suits, Jackets, Skirts

and waists for spring

at Light & Conner's. 3-21

La Vogue

My Motto is

"LIVE AND LET LIVE"

And I apply it in my business.

I have for sale a 5 room house for \$950.00; also a new 7 room house for \$1900.00 on easy payments. Several small tracts of land near Lima for nice country homes.

Make Loans on Real Estate Security.

If interested see me.

GUS KALB,

Real Estate and Loans.

117 West High Street. New Phone 106.

AGED COLORED MAN

Has Been Missing from His
Home Since Yesterday
Morning.WAS EMPLOYED
AT CITY DUMP.Investigation by Authorities
Failed to Develop His
Whereabouts.

Alfred Green, colored, of 311 south Union street has been missing from his home since yesterday morning at seven o'clock. The missing man is about 70 years of age and when last seen wore blue overalls, a plush cap and a light colored duck coat. He had been employed at the city dump, along the creek at the intersection of Metcalf street. He started to work yesterday morning as usual, carrying with him a short handled ax. It was customary for him to return home in the afternoon about three o'clock, but he failed to make an appearance, and later in the evening his wife became alarmed and notified the police headquarters and the sheriff's office. An investigation made by Deputy Sheriff Bowersock developed that he was seen on the corner of Spring and Main streets about eight o'clock in the morning, where he inquired of a friend where one William Taylor was working, and received the reply that he was working on north West street. He started north on Main street, but Mr. Taylor did not see anything of him during the day.

The family, the wife and son, have no idea of his probable whereabouts and can offer no explanation for his leaving home. Owing to his advanced age, it is thought that he may have wandered away unconsciously.

Go With a Rush. The demand for that wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney cure, Dr. King's New Life Pills is astounding. H. F. Vorkamp says he never saw the like. Its because they never fail to cure Sour Stomach, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilelessness, Jaundice, Sick Headache, Chills and Malaria. Only 25c. Sold by H. F. Vorkamp, druggist.

SOME WOMEN

Become Sentimental Over Their
Dear Pastor.

Chicago, March 4.—University of Chicago divinity students are warned against entering into "sentimental" recitation with their prospective parishioners by Rev. James M. Bruce, of New York, secretary of the American Baptist Home Mission society. "In modern Protestant churches, women play an important part and the pastor has to be brought into close relation with them. There should never be any suggestion of intimacy. There are always some women who become sentimental over their 'dear pastor,' said Dr. Bruce.

There is a called meeting of the Gleaners and Philanthropic Bible Class of Wayne Street Church of Christ on Thursday evening after prayer meeting.

BIG PUBLIC DANCE

Thursday night at Armory. Orchestra of nine pieces.

Popular Prices. 10c and 25c. 3-21

PARIS PAPERS GIVE

Much Space to Inauguration

of President Taft and

Retirement

OF ROOSEVELT

FROM PRESIDENCY.

New Chief Regarded as Man

of Moral Strength and

Capacity.

Paris, March 4.—The papers of Paris today give much space to the inauguration of William H. Taft and the retirement of Theodore Roosevelt. The consensus of opinion is that Mr. Roosevelt has had a remarkably successful career, that he has aroused the moral forces of the United States and internationally has played an important role on the world's stage.

Mr. Taft, although less impulsive than his predecessor, is regarded as a man of great capacity and moral strength; consequently he is characterized as a "safer" president both for America and Europe.

"Neither the United States nor Europe," one paper says, "need now fear the theatrical coups which upset them under the Roosevelt regime."

THE INAUGURATION

Of a president of the United States is one of the great events of this country, and the inauguration of Mr. Taft is no exception.

At the door north of their clothing store, will be one of the great events of the city of Lima. Every pair of shoes will be a new pair and in the same time a pair of new shoes. The stock will be large and complete in every detail. A further announcement of the date of opening this class shoe store will be made a little later and your patronage is kindly solicited.

THE C. W. B. M. MEETING.

The C. W. B. M. of the Wayne Street Church of Christ will meet at the church Friday afternoon, March 5th, at 2:45 o'clock. The following program has been arranged:

Prayer.

Business.

Solo—Mrs. E. V. Wells.

The Young People's Work—Mrs. J. C. Richards.

Duet—Mrs. Lindesmith and Mrs. Dean.

Centennial Work—Gladys Patterson.

Recitation—China, by Ruth Hamilton.

Solo—Miss Cleo O'Harrow.

Scripture Work—Margaret Orchard.

Local Junior Work—Esther Sheeley.

Recitation—Yule Richards.

Remarks—Rev. Carpenter.

THURSDAY: Gold Medal Flour makes perfect bread.

STATE WIDERS
SPRING SURPRISE.

Nashville, Tenn., March 4.—In the legislative assembly today, the state widens a surprise on the administration democrats by proceeding with the election of members of the state board of elections and primary commission notwithstanding the protest of the opposition, that such a course would be illegal because of the absence of a quorum of the senate. The state-widens contended that the law provided for the election by the general assembly and hence a quorum of the convention was all that was necessary.

Some of the administration men made an attempt to bolt but they found the doors locked and they submitted with a few protests and the election proceeded.

1812 DAUGHTERS
TO MARK GRAVES.

Chicago, March 4.—The graves of more than 800 American sailors who were taken prisoners during the war of 1812 and who are buried near St. Michaels church at Dartmoor, Devonshire, England, are to be marked with headstones and identified as far as possible. If the plans just announced here by the United States daughters of 1812 see realization. The organization also intends placing a stained glass window in the church now almost crumbling in ruins and having it rebuilt in its original pattern.

LIGHTER'S CREW
BELIEVED SAFE.

New York, March 4.—After being grounded on a sand bar 1,000 feet off Coney Island all night, with imminent danger that she would be pounded to pieces by the heavy seas and her crew lost, a lighter was floated with the assistance of the revenue cutter Mexican this morning. Five men constituting the lighter's crew are believed to be safe. The lighter was driven in shore by the gale last night. The disabled boat sent up rockets and burned distress lights, but help could not be sent during the night owing to the very heavy seas.

LITTLE CHANGE
MADE IN RECOUNT.

Des Moines, Ia., March 4.—The recount of the ballots in Union county in the contest between Congressman Wm. P. Hepburn, of Clarinda, and W. J. Jameson, of Shenandoah, for congressman in the eighth district, is completed and showed a gain of two votes for Hepburn. Jameson had 350 majority over Hepburn on the official returns.

WALTER ZELLER
ESCAPES CHAIR.

Trenton, N. J., March 4.—After all preparations had been made to put Walter Zeller, a 19 year old boy to death in the electric chair, yesterday, his attorney notified the state prison authorities that he had secured a stay of execution. It is understood that he obtained the stay two weeks ago but took no action on the matter until a few hours before the youth was to have been put to death. Young Zeller was convicted of murdering his aged grand father, William Reed, of Indiana, for the purpose of robbery. It is considered probable that on account of his youth his sentence will be commuted to life imprisonment. Two clunks of the boy, who turned states evidence are serving thirty year sentences in the penitentiary for complicity in the crime.

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHY.

We are prepared to do public stenographic work in an expeditious and satisfactory manner. Our staff consists of expert stenographers and equipment is of the best. Dictation will be taken either at office, over telephone or a stenographer will call; special appointments for evenings; all work entrusted to us will receive prompt and proper attention; work called for and delivered free; terms reasonable; satisfaction guaranteed. WALTER M. SCOTT, Prop.

K. C. FOKES, Mgr.

Branch Office, Room 327 the Holland.

New Phone 149.

March 2-1

NOTICE.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the

First Baptist church will meet at

the home of Mrs. C. E. Crippen, 907

West Spring street, Friday afternoon

at two o'clock. A good attendance

is desired.

MASONIC NOTICE.

Stated convocation of Lima Chapter

No. 49, R. A. M. tomorrow (Friday)

evening. Work on Past and M. E.

Master degrees.

GEO. F. WINEMILLER,

High Priest.

Wallace Landis, Sec'y.

PERSONALS.

Miss Mary Pyne, of Fort Wayne,

Ind., is the guest of her sister, Mrs.

F. W. Lindall, of east North street.

Mr. B. A. Weadock, local manager

for the McCall Realty Co., left this

week for San Antonio, Texas, on

business.

C. W. B. M. MEETING.

The C. W. B. M. of the Wayne

THE DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS AND SUIT HOUSE.

Thursday, March 4, 1909. Weather—Fair.

221-223 N. Main Street.

Sale of Room Size Rugs

Best Qualities--Prices Greatly Reduced.

All persons interested in new Rugs for spring will do well to see what we offer on Friday Morning, March 5th. A good assortment of discontinued patterns in Bundhar Wilton and extra quality Body Brussels Rugs are represented in this sale. The patterns are all desirable, and at the prices we offer them, they no doubt will move out rapidly at this most seasonable time. Patterns come suitable for parlors, reception rooms, libraries, dining rooms, etc. We offer:

\$50.00 Bundhar Wilton Rugs, 10.6x12 ft., at	\$41.50.
\$37.50 Bundhar Wilton Rugs, 9x12 ft., at	\$30.00.
\$33.00 Bundhar Wilton Rugs, 8.3x10.6 ft., at	\$27.50.
\$25.00 Bundhar Wilton Rugs, 6x9 ft., at	\$20.00.
\$ 6.50 Bundhar Wilton Rugs, 36x63 in., at	\$ 4.95.
\$39.00 Body Brussels Rugs, 10.6x12 ft., at	\$32.50.
\$29.00 Body Brussels Rugs, 9x12 ft., at	\$24.00.
\$25.00 Body Brussels Rugs, 8.3x10.6 ft., at	\$22.50.
\$20.00 Body Brussels Rugs, 6x9 ft., at	\$16.50.

Advance Sale of Voile Skirts

\$12.50 to \$15 Values at \$9.85 each

Friday morning we place on Special Sale between 50 and 60 Women's Black Voile Skirts, made up of best quality Aultman's Voile, in the new gored flare models, all beautiful styles. These skirts come trimmed in various styles with best quality Skimmer's satin, some with girdle and sash of satin—and are worth in a regular way from \$12.50 to \$15.00 each. For this advance skirt sale we offer them at \$9.85 each.

The separate skirt season is not far off—buy while the price is down.

La Grecque Corset Demonstration
Now Going On in Our Corset Department.

An expert Corsetiere from New York will be with us all this week, and will devote her time to the demonstration and fitting of the La Grecque Corsets.

We have all the new models. Stout people and those hard to be fitted are urged to come in and get ideas in regard to proper corset wear. No extra charges for fitting. Prices—\$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.50 to \$8.50.

White Waistings and Suitings

All the New Styles--Priced Low.

Many new styles and weaves lend character to our White Goods this season, and they are prettier than ever. We have weaves suitable for separate waists, women's and children's dresses—all priced very low.

They come in fancy plaids, stripes and checks, new figured Swisses, sheer Waistings, Batistes, Dimities, Chiffonette, Persian Lawn, French Lawn, India Linen, mercerized Madras, Killarney Linen, Flaxon, Cambries, Nainsook, Long Cloth and Linens in all grades.

White Mercerized Madras, all new styles, at 18c, 20c, 25c and 35c yard, and our 15c quality is equal to many sold for 25c the yard.

Sheer White Waistings in woven figures and stripes, very pretty styles, at 25c and 30c yard.

Killarney Linen—a cotton weave with a linen finish, 10 in. wide, and much used for waists and dresses, washes beautifully, at 15c yard.

White Dress Linens, 36 in. wide, 28c, 38c and 50c yard; 15 in. wide, 38c, 65c, 75c and 85c yard.

Children's Dresses, 98c.

One dozen Children's School Dresses of Gingham and Percals, sizes 8 to 14 years, well made, neatly trimmed, worth \$1.98 and \$2.98 each; have been used on the forms and are slightly soiled, hence we offer them at 98c each.

Long and Short Kimono's 79c each.

Between 2 and 3 dozen short Kimonos, and 1 dozen long Kimonos, made up of fine quality flannelette and German flannel, sold all season for \$1.25 and \$1.50 each to close them out, 79c each.

G.E. BLUEM

DRY GOODS

Money to Loan

On City and Farm property, within Allen County, on most favorable terms and conditions. Long time with privilege of paying off the entire loan in any month. Call at the company's office for full particulars.

THE CITIZENS
Loan and Building Company,
321 North Main St., Lima, O.

USE OUR MONEY

1908---TO PAY YOUR BILLS---1909

Start the New Year with a clear record by paying off all these small bills and owe but one. We loan from Five Dollars to One Hundred Dollars on all kinds of Chattels, such as Household Goods, Pianos, Horses, Carriages, Etc. All payments are arranged to suit your income. The Old Reliable

LIMA LOAN COMPANY,
208 Opera House Block, Lima, O. Both Phones.

IT IS HERE--THE INDIAN MOTORCYCLE.

Before you buy the Indian and Gendron bicycles. Will open soon the finest sales store in the city, of Auto Motorcycle and Bicycle supplies. The Indian best in the world, belt or chain drive.

Prices:
\$175.00
\$200.00
\$225.00
\$250.00
\$275.00
\$325.00

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